THE DAILY GAZETTE:
PUBLISHED BY
KING, REED & CO.,
Corner Sixth Ave. and Smithfield St.
JOSIAH KING, T. P. HOUSTON, EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS. N. P. REED, H. M. LONG.
TERMS OF THE DAILY:
By mail, per year.....$10.00

# The Pittsburgh Gazette.

VOL. LXXXVI.---NO. 99. PITTSBURGH, MONDAY, MAY 1, 1871. FIFTEEN CENTS PER WEEK.

## FIRST EDITION.

MIDNIGHT.

## FROM EUROPE.

## The Civil War.

## FT. ISSY FALLEN.

## Versaillist Victories.

## TROOPS DECREASING.

## Nearing the End.

## THE MASONS TO THE FRONT.

## Levying on the Railroads.

### FRANCE.

RECONNOISANCE.

PARIS, Thursday night, April 28.—On Wednesday night a reconnoissance was made by the Ond Hundred and Eighty-fifth Battalion from the barricades at Ville Juif. Forty Communists were surrounded by the Versaillists' cavalry when the Communists retreated, but four were captured and immediately shot. One of the captured men regained the lines in a dying condition and was taken to the Bicetre Hospital.

The Versaillists took the barricades in Rue Pirrouette, but they were re-taken.

ISSY BOMBARDED.

Issy has been bombarded all day. The sailors have abandoned their guns and the fort is scarcely tenable. Loss heavy.

FILLED WITH WOUNDED.

Hospital Necker, in the Rue De Sevres, with 445 beds, is full. The civilians are forced to fight, and also soldiers of the late war.

PRESSED INTO SERVICE.

Yesterday about thirty men and boys, who were hanging around the Northern Railroad station, were surrounded and pressed into the service.

GENERAL M'MAHON.

VERSAILLES, April 28.—Evening.—General McMahon went to Issy this afternoon, returning to-night. Fort Issy scarcely replies to the Versailles batteries. An attack upon the fort is imminent.

HEAVY FIRING.

PARIS, April 28—Evening.—There has been heavy firing to-day upon the southern and western parts of the city. The firing slackened during the afternoon, but is again violent.

VERSAILLIST ATTACKS.

The Versaillists are attacking all points simultaneously.

The erection of barricades in the interior of the city has been hastened.

HEAVY REQUISITION.

The Commune has made a requisition for 200,000 francs upon the various railway companies.

PROVISIONS SCARCE.

Provisions arrive but seldom, and are growing scarce.

CLUSERET'S REPLY.

BERLIN, April 29.—Gen. Cluseret has replied to the last concession of Favre, saying that he will propose to the Commune to expel the Archbishop of Paris and other ecclesiastics now in prison.

COMMUNISTS REPULSED.

LONDON, April 29.—The *Times'* special states that at daybreak, yesterday, the insurgents attacked Lew Seine Bonnieres, Pierre Charnart and Chatillon, but were signally repulsed.

USING PRUSSIAN GUNS.

The *Nears'* Paris special says that the Minister of War accuses Thiers of using Prussian Krunsad infantillaneuses.

ARRESTING MEMBERS OF THE COMMUNE.

It is possible that before long the Central Committee will attempt to arrest the members of the Commune.

FORT ISSY TO BE STORMED TO-NIGHT.

The *Telegraph's* special says: It is expected that Fort Issy will be stormed to-night.

COMMUNICATION TO BE STOPPED.

All communication between Paris and the departments will probably be stopped, as the railway companies refused to pay the Commune the money demanded of them.

THE SOUTHERN FORTS.

VERSAILLES, April 29.—The southern forts were bombarded furiously all day yesterday. Vanvres replied vigorously. The night passed quietly.

TROOPS DECREASING.

The strength of the Nationals is decreasing rapidly from the incessant fire and fatigues to which they are subjected. The *Pronvence* says the troops of the Commune do not now exceed 25,000.

PROVISIONS ARRIVED.

HAVRE, April 29.—A fresh convoy of French prisoners from Germany arrived at Cherbourg.

PRISONERS STOPPED.

The Versailles government has ordered that the provisioning of Paris by way of the Seine be entirely stopped.

REVOLUTIONARY.

To-day being the occasion of the municipal elections, the Havre workmen who are partisans of the Paris Commune have issued a revolutionary address. No disturbances have yet occurred.

NEARING THE END.

PARIS, April 29.—This morning the cannonade ceased along the whole line.

The Southern forts are in an indefensible condition and it is believed will soon be untenable. The forts will under orders of the Commune be blown up in case the troops are obliged to abandon them. Earthworks are being constructed to replace them.

RAILROADS LEVIED UPON.

The Northern Railway has paid 300,000 francs and the Lyons Railroad 600,000 francs demanded by the Commune. Other lines have also paid the sums assessed upon them, except the Western Railroad which it is stated will be sequestrated.

THE ARMY DIVIDED.

A decree issued by Gen. Cluseret divides the army into two Commands, one to operate for external and the other for internal defence of Paris. Gen. Dombrowski commands the external army, and Gen. Lavrenda, the internal. Another decree of Gen. Cluseret urges that officers of the National Guard be furnished with regular commissions.

DOINGS OF THE COMMUNE.

PARIS, April 29.—At a sitting of the Commune yesterday, M. Grousset, in reply to an interpellation, said there was something offensive in asking Europe to recognize the belligerency of Paris. It was puerile to ask for what they had already. The Commune waged war theoretically. No explosive bullets were used. There was no bombarding places filled with women and children. These violations of the usages of civilized warfare he charged upon the army of Versailles. In the cartridge factory of prisoners taken by the Communists troops explosive bullets have been found, and wanton shelling of the most crowded parts of the city had been going on for weeks.

ADJUSTED.

The misunderstanding with the Prussians has begun to the operation of railways has been adjusted.

COMMUNE PROPOSALS.

The Commune now proposes to confiscate the property of the Northern railway unless it resumes running its passenger and provision trains into Paris.

MASONIC.

A Masonic procession half a mile in length passed through the street to-day, and planted their banners on the ramparts under a heavy fire. All the lodges of the provinces were represented. Several Masons were wounded while on the walls.

THE SITUATION.

The Versaillistes to the number of 12,000 occupy Neuneuilliers. The Nationals are making preparations to abandon the Southern forts. Rumors of reverses to the Nationals in other quarters are current. Batteries have been placed at Orleans and Vangerard gates. The inhabitants of Montrouge, Plaisance and Vangirard and Montmarte are removing from their dwellings. Fort D'Issy has not been abandoned.

THE ASSEMBLY AT WORK.

VERSAILLES, April 29.—The assembly has declared the urgent passage of bills visiting with severe penalties all illegal seizures of property in Paris.

MASONIC DELEGATES.

Three delegates from the masonic fraternity of Paris came into the ranks opposite Malakoff. They were received by the commanding officers and conducted to this place.

PAYING THE PRUSSIANS.

PARIS, April 28.—The instalment of 500,000,000 francs that has been paid by money has been offered payable by the government in 1886 with interest at six per cent., but the offer has not been accepted. The *Pays* says when Paris fails he can get better terms.

CARRIED BY THE VERSAILLISTS.

VERSAILLES, April 30.—The Park Castle and Cemetery were carried last night by the government forces. Eight cannon, a quantity of ammunition and one hundred prisoners fell into their hands. The advance is now within two hundred metres of Fort Issy, whose capture is momentarily expected.

THREAT TO HANG MASONS.

President Thiers granted an interview to the delegates from the Masons of Paris who arrived here last night. He told them that the government desired to see an end to the civil war, but France could not capitulate in presence of an armed insurrection. He referred them to the Commune for restoration of order within the city over which it had usurped control.

MORE VERSAILLES VICTORIES.

VERSAILLES, April 30 (Evening).—President Thiers, in a public circular, gives a dispatch from General Cissy, announcing the success of the *coup de main* on Bonnay Farm, near Chatillon, in which thirty-two insurgents were killed and wounded and seventy-five taken prisoners. The same circular contains a dispatch from General Feron confirming the previous report of the brilliant success of the troops in front of Fort Issy.

Loyalists in front of Fort Issy.

The cannonading continued. One hundred and fifty prisoners and ten pieces were captured. The artillery has been brought to Versailles.

THE FALL OF ISSY.

PARIS, Sunday Evening, April 30.—There was a sharp engagement on Saturday night at Les Moulineaux, in which the Versaillists were repulsed with a loss of twenty-nine men made prisoners, but in the meanwhile a column of the enemy advanced on Clamart Railway Station and occupied a house two hundred yards from the entrenchments of Issy. The fort was a wreck, casemates broken in and embrasures demolished. Thirty of its sixty guns were dismounted, and the ammunition for the artilleuses exhausted. The garrison became panic stricken. The gunners mutinied and walked half their remaining guns, and this morning before daylight the entire garrison abandoned the fort. Its commandant, Gen. Negry, has arrived in this city.

A PANIC.

General Cluseret who went to the front at the first news of defection among the troops returned at noon to-day having failed to stop the panic. He has sent out fresh troops among them the avengers of Paris to reoccupy the work and a desperate fight is now in progress in that quarter.

THREATENED TO FIRE.

The Nationals on Saturday, having pursued some Chasseurs almost into St. Denis, the latter if Prussians threatened to fire into the latter if they attempted to enter the town. The they attempted to enter the town. Chasseurs made a detour and escaped.

RELEASED.

It is reported that the Archbishop of Paris has been released.

AT WORK.

The engineers are at work on the southern portion of the Enciente.

PAID.

The Northern Railway Company has paid three hundred three thousand francs to the Communes.

NAPOLEONISTS DISSATISFIED.

LONDON, April 30.—The *Observer* says: Napoleonists consider that the Assembly now sitting at Versailles does not represent the will of the nation and are of opinion that when internal strife is ended it will be necessary to consult the country on the question of government. They express their intention of abiding by the result.

### ENGLAND.

THE HOUSE OF COMMONS.

LONDON, April 28.—In the House of Commons last night Cowper Temple submitted a motion in favor of the reservation of the park and the Forest for open spaces. The motion was opposed by Lowe and Gladstone because the property belonged to the Crown and not to the people. Mr. Harcourt argued that the public were the owners of the grounds, and not the Crown. Upon division there was a majority of 101 against the Government.

STEAMSHIP ARRIVALS.

LONDON, April 29.—The steamship Hanover, from New Orleans, April 9th, *via* Havana, has arrived at Bremen.

The steamships Cuba and Pennsylvania touched at Queenstown. The Assyria arrived in the Clyde and the Wyoming at Liverpool.

GLADSTONE DETERMINED.

LONDON, April 30.—The *Observer* states that Gladstone is determined to oppose further alteration of the budget.

### AUSTRIA.

NATURALIZATION.

VIENNA, April 29.—The lower House of the Austrian Riechsrath has ratified the naturalization treaty with the United States. The upper House ratified it, but has not yet taken action upon the subject.

### BELGIUM.

DIFFICULTIES IN THE PEACE CONFERENCE.

BRUSSELS, April 29.—Difficulties have arisen in the Conference on the subject of contributions, and requisitions made on France since the end of the armistice.

### PRUSSIA.

FRENCH CONTRIBUTION PAID.

BERLIN, April 30.—Spencer's *Gazette* announces that the French contribution to the support of the German troops has been paid up to the 15th inst.

### SPAIN.

AMERICAN VESSEL ARRIVED.

LISBON, April 30.—The United States steam frigate Franklin, flag ship of the European fleet, has arrived in the Tagus.

### FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LONDON, April 29, 2 P. M.—Consols 92¾; 5-20's, Rl, July, 89¾; do. 1865, 89¾; do. 1867, 89¾. Bonds at the Stock Exchange on Monday.

LIVERPOOL, April 29.—Cotton dull; middling upland 7¾. Breadstuffs and provisions unchanged.

## CINCINNATI.

Railroad Accident.

CINCINNATI, April 28.—A construction train ran into a lot of cattle south of Kokomo about noon to-day, throwing the engine and several cars from the track, killing a brakeman and delaying the southward bound trains.

LAST ISSUE.

The *Times* newspaper made its last issue today, having been bought by the proprietors of the *Chronicle*. The new paper will be called the *Times* and *Chronicle* and will be under the same management as the *Chronicle*.

BANK CONSOLIDATION.

Negotiations for the consolidation of the Third National Bank and the Bank of the Ohio Valley were concluded to-day and will take effect on Monday next. The new bank will be called the Third National Bank.

FIRE.

The sash and blind factory of B. F. Heiner & Co. was burned this morning. Dresner, at Warren, Ohio, were burned yesterday. Loss $21,000; insurance $7,000.

MAN FOUND AND KILLED.

James Murphy, an Irishman, was run over and killed by a train in this city last night.

WEATHER.

Heavy rain to-night with thunder and lightning.

GUILTY OF MANSLAUGHTER.

CINCINNATI, April 30.—Theodore Gooding, charged with the murder of Michael Murray, was tried in Newport, Kentucky, and found guilty of manslaughter and sentenced to five years in the penitentiary.

FIRST SERMON.

The Rev. R. M. Hatfield, recently of Chicago, preached his introductory sermon today as pastor of St. Paul's M. E. Church of this city.

POISONED.

A farmer named Russell, near Franklin, hung himself in a barn on Friday. Financial trouble is supposed to be the cause.

A Frenchman named Tegre, in Darke county, hung himself on Saturday during insanity. A man named Carney, near Dayton, hung himself yesterday in a drunken fit.

FOUND IN THE RIVER.

The body of an unknown man was found in the river opposite Cincinnati to-day in a box, with his legs cut off because the box was too short, and a hole in his head resembling a pistol shot. An inquest will be held.

## SCRANTON, PA.

The Miner's Answer.

SCRANTON, April 29.—The following is an exact copy of the answer received to the proposition made by the Convention of Delegates to E. W. Weston, John R. Smith and W. R. Storrs, of Scranton: "A proposition of men to meet a committee of directors, they do not believe could be productive of any result. If the men have any proposition to make, and if the directors have any to make at any time, the resident officers have full power to meet them, and to enter into any negotiation they may believe will produce satisfactory results Signed Thos. Dickson, President Delaware, Lackawana and Hudson Canal Company; John Ewen, President Pennsylvania Coal Company; Samuel Sloan, President Delaware, Lackawana and Wilmington Railroad. This answer was to have been submitted to-day to the general Convention of delegates, but the delegates from the Delawsylvania Coal Company refused to attend, owing to the fact that the mass meetings of their miners could not be held in time for them to report. It is now rumored, however, that the Convention be held next Monday, at Hyde Park. Several of the leading miners here are counseling moderation, and will make an effort to secure a settlement on an equitable basis.

RESUMED WORK.

The Seegar Match Works, owned by the W. B. C. & J. Co., resumed work on a small scale to-day. The rest, it is said, be in full working operation by Monday.

LEFT THE REGIONS.

About one hundred and fifty men, formerly engaged in coal mining, have left this Valley for the western States. This is a move in the right direction.

## MISSOURI.

Wife Murder and Suicide.

HOLDEN, Mo., April 29.—B. C. Young, a printer in the office of this place, shot his wife this evening through the head, killing her instantly and then shot himself through the head. When discovered by the neighbors he was sitting in the chair and her dead husband reclining across her lap. They had been married but a few months. Intemperance supposed to be the cause.

## NEW ORLEANS.

The Crevasse.

NEW ORLEANS, April 29.—The Bonnet Carre crevasse is over 1,200 feet wide, and there is no change in the situation there.

TO BE HANGED.

Governor Warmouth has ordered to be hanged on Friday, the 12th of May, in the parish prison in this city, Martin Worms, Vincent Bayonne and Petro Abriel.

## ST. PAUL.

Railroad Inspection.

ST. PAUL, Minn., April 29.—Hon. J. Gregory Smith, President of the Northern Pacific Railroad, and a party, have just returned to St. Paul from an extended inspection of that road, and express themselves highly gratified with the progress the road is making.

## PRINCE EDWARD'S.

THE NEWFOUNDLAND CABLE.

CHARLOTTETOWN, Prince Edward's Island, April 30.—The York, Newfoundland and London Telegraph Company's cable, connecting this island with Brunswick, was repaired yesterday afternoon.

## ST. LOUIS.

Disappeared.

ST. LOUIS, April 29.—A dispatch from Springfield, Missouri, says that a report is current there that Gen. D. Orner, United States Revenue Collector for that district, has disappeared with some ten thousand dollars belonging to the Government.

INDIANS.

Between two and three hundred Indians made their appearance on the Kansas Pacific Railroad, between Eagle Tail and Monotony, and somewhat obstructed the track. They are supposed to be parties of a band that recently entered Monotony, under a white flag, for the purpose of trading with the people.

DAIRYMEN'S ASSOCIATION.

The dairymen of this city have formed an association to resist the enforcement by the Board of Health of the regulations recently adopted requiring them to furnish samples of their milk for analyzation previous to its being sold; also, requiring them to keep their cow stables in a strict sanitary condition, and cease feeding distillery slops to their cows.

THE MISSISSIPPI LOCKS.

ST. LOUIS, April 30.—Contracts for the completion of the lower and middle locks of the Mississippi river rapids improvement were let at Keokuk yesterday. Mr. Swartz of Keokuk, received the contract for the lower lock at 161,000 dollars, and Wm. Johnson of Fulton, N. Y., the middle lock at 104,000, and the contract for the construction of the Memphis and St. Louis, Railroad, was closed at Memphis yesterday. The road is to run from Helena Arkansas, to Morley on the Iron Mountain Railroad, in this state and the work from Helena to the Mississippi line, is to be done by July 1st, 1872.

THE MYSTERIOUS DEATH.

The Lawrence, Kansas, papers, in their accounts of the mysterious death of Isaac M. Ruth in that city on Wednesday night, say that Dr. Medicot has paid Mrs. Ruth marked attention for some time past, which has taken in connection with the sudden death of the Doctor's wife not long ago, has given rise to suspicion that he poisoned Ruth so that he might obtain Mrs. Ruth. The Doctor is under arrest. It is also stated that Mrs. Ruth has been arrested on suspicion that she knows something about the affair. Mrs. Ruth was formerly wife of Seymour Voullaire, criminal lawyer of this city, and created great scandal by her conduct, which resulted in Voullaire obtaining a divorce from her.

Senator Schurz will be serenaded Monday night by his friends. A committee, composed of Liberal Republicans and Democrats, having been appointed this afternoon to make the necessary arrangements. It is stated no political significance will attach to the event.

A DEFAULTING POSTMASTER.

Postmaster McCoy, of Montevallo, Missouri, has been arrested for purloining money from registered letters. Some of the stolen money was found in his possession.

RAIN.

A perfect deluge of rain fell at Meridian, Mississippi, on Thursday last, doing a good deal of damage to railroad and other property. The Mobile road is broken both north and south of Meridian.

THE INDIANS.

The Indians that have been on the Kansas Railroad are Cheyennes, Sioux and Arapahoes, and are on their way to the Arnansas river, hunting buffalo.

GORED BY AN OX.

A German woman was terribly gored by an ox in the suburbs yesterday and died soon after.

## PHILADELPHIA.

The Morris Canal Line.

PHILADELPHIA, April 29.—The Directors of the Lehigh Valley railroad have approved the lease of the Morris canal from Phillipsburg to Jersey City, and directed its submission to the stockholders for a vote on the question, when, with the approval of the majority of the stock, the property will at once pass to the Lehigh Valley Company.

THE LIBEL SUIT.

John Taggart, of the Sunday *Times* convicted of libel on Manager Fox, of the American Variety Theatre, was to-day sentenced by Judge Paxton to pay a fine of $100 and costs. His son Harry Taggart was sentenced to pay a fine of twenty dollars and costs. Before sentence was pronounced, Taggart, Sr., submitted to the Judge certain letters from the prosecutor sent to his family, as in mitigation of the libel complained of. The letter was said to be unfit for publication but had the effect to lighten sentence.

DEAD.

Thomas Boyle aged seventy, an eccentric old batchelor employed at the navy yard for twenty years past, died yesterday. He leaves about $10,000.

## ROCHESTER N. Y.

Break in the Erie Canal

ROCHESTER, April 29.—There is a very bad break in the Erie Canal, near Fairport. Two or three boats passed through, and it will take several weeks to repair the damage. It is also reported that the waste wier near Lyons has gone out.

FURTHER PARTICULARS.

The break in the Erie canal at Oxbow extension above Lyons, 70,000 yards of earth have gone out, and it will require fifteen days to effect repairs. Considerable damage has been done to farms, roads and buildings. Below a bridge is destroyed, a mill dam carried away and destroyed and one or two barns carried away. The canal boat Henry Bird, which was carried through the breach and left a mile distant has been somewhat damaged. Two men and a woman were on the boat, but escaped uninjured. The canal authorities are taking active measures to repair the break. The cut will have to be drawn a considerable distance.

## MILWAUKEE.

A Brakeman Killed.

MILWAUKEE, April 29.—Chas. McKinny, formerly brakeman on the Milwaukee and St. Paul Railroad, was found near the track insensible to-day. He probably fell from last night's train. Recovery impossible.

MISSING.

At ten o'clock this morning a well dressed young man, twenty-two or twenty-three years of age, with dark hair and eyes, hired a boat. At three o'clock this afternoon the boat floated ashore, besmeared with blood, and with a cartridge in the bottom. He probably shot himself and fell over the side.

POISONED.

MILWAUKEE, April 30.—A man named Lewis Ulrich, living on the south side, was poisoned this morning. His reputed wife and a man named Slatter were arrested as guilty parties.

## NASHVILLE

Railroad Matters.

NASHVILLE, April 29.—The County Court met to-day to consider the proposition to lease the Nashville and Decatur Railroad by the Louisville and Nashville Railroad, but adjourned till Tuesday next without taking any action. At a meeting of business men this morning a committee was appointed to raise three hundred thousand dollars to lease the Nashville and Decatur Railroad. Thirty-two thousand dollars were immediately subscribed. The movement contemplates the formation of a company with twenty millions capital, sufficient money to lease the road on fair terms as offered by the Louisville and Nashville Railroad.

TOOK CHARGE.

Gen. Stokes took charge to-day of the office of Supervisor of Revenue.

## UTAH.

Silver Mines.

SALT LAKE, April 29.—The Eureka Mining Company, of this city, have just bought the entire community interest of the Eureka Hill District, embracing over twelve thousand feet. The capital stock of the company is half a million dollars and is largely subscribed to by Chicago parties, J. N. Whitney, J. C. Richards and others. Large quantities of horn silver are daily discovered, assays from which yield from two to five thousand dollars per ton.

## SAN FRANCISCO.

Suicide.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 30.—Wm. H. Miller, a printer and a native of Natchez, Mississippi, formerly publisher of a paper in Grass Valley, California, suicided by laudanum this evening. Cause unknown.

LIBEL.

The Grand Jury yesterday returned four indictments of libel against the *Daily Chronicle* proprietors.

## MADISON.

Stopping Operations.

MADISON, WIS., April 29.—The executive officer is informed that the District Attorney of the United States has directed the United States District Attorney of Minnesota to file a bill enjoining the construction of the canal connecting Superior Point at Duluth. Had this canal been allowed to proceed it would have changed the current of the St. Louis River, and ruined the harbor at Superior City.

## ALBANY.

Suffocated.

ALBANY, April 29.—The dead bodies of John Donovan his wife and child, a boy eleven years old, were found this afternoon in the apartment at No. 26 Bassett street lying beside the stove. Investigation showed they had been suffocated by coal gas. The wife and girl aged three years was found in an adjoining room gasping for breath. She was resuscitated.

## LETONIA. O.

Fire.

LETONIA, April 29.—The Grafton iron furnace of this place, was destroyed by fire this evening. Loss 50,000 dollars. It is thought to be partially insured but to what amount and in what companies is not publicly known at this hour.

## VIRGINIA.

Gone to His Reward.

ALEXANDER, April 29.—The Hon. James M. Mason died at ten o'clock last evening of general debility.

English War Vessels.

HAVANA, April 30.—The English flying squadron, composed of five ships, has arrived here.

## SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK.

## THE CAPITAL.

## A State Dinner.

## INCOME ASSESSMENTS.

## The Weather Report.

## SUPREME COURT DECISION.

## Ministerial Changes.

WASHINGTON, April 29, 1871.

STATE DINNER.

The President will give a state dinner this evening to all the Foreign Ministers and Charge d'Affaires and their wives. No other persons will be present except Secretary and Mrs. Fish.

INCOME ASSESSMENTS.

The following letter was written to-day by Commissioner Pleasanton and sent to Supervisor Dutcher, of New York:

SIR: It appears there is a misunderstanding as to the proper execution of the act of Congress assessing income. The following decision will govern: Section eleven of the act of Congress of July 14, 1870, only requires every person of lawful age, whose gross income during the preceding year exceed two thousand dollars, to make and render a return to the Assistant Assessor of the district in which he resides. Persons whose incomes are less than two thousand dollars are not required to make returns, nor is there any authority of law to Assessors or Assistant Assessors to call for such returns. In case any Assessor or Assistant Assessor has sufficient evidence that a person who has not made a return on income has defrauded the Government, then they will proceed against such person as prescribed by law.

[Signed] A. PLEASANTON, Commissioner.

THE JAPS.

The seventeen representatives of the Japanese government, in addition to those already in Washington, arrived to-day, and paid their respects. Governor Ito will leave for Europe in a day or two.

BETTER.

W. W. Corcoran is easier to-day.

WASHINGTON, April 30, 1871.

THE WEATHER.

Synopsis for the past twenty-four hours: The weather remains unchanged on the Atlantic and the Pacific States. The areas of lowest pressure which were on Saturday evening respectively north of Lake Superior, in Virginia, and west of Missouri, have moved eastward and northward respectively, into Lower Canada. The Atlantic Ocean and the West Virginia high ranges have passed over limited areas in the Middle and Eastern States, and the weather has been clear and favorable. The winds are inclined to be threatening. Fresh and light easterly winds have prevailed on Lakes Erie and Michigan. The barometer has fallen during the day over all of Tennessee and southward to the Gulf. The reports are not yet received from the far west and Pacific coast.

*Probabilities.*—It is probable the barometer will continue low south of the Mississippi and Ohio valleys, and will probably be experienced in portions of the middle States and south of the Ohio valley, with northeasterly winds from Lake Ontario to Michigan; but no serious disturbance is apprehended.

SUPREME COURT.

The decision expected to be made by the Supreme Court to-morrow sustaining the validity of gold contracts will have reference to the contracts of the Pacific Railroad, which specified weights of gold in coin money, and not to contracts calling merely for payment of a certain number of dollars.

THE MEXICAN MINISTER.

Marescal, the Mexican Minister, will leave this country for Mexico on the 8th of May to assume the office of Minister of Foreign Affairs. It is expected that Romero will resume his duties here as Minister of that Republic.

## FEARFUL MURDER.

## Tragedy in Illinois.

## Hon. Mr. TYNDALE KILLED.

CHICAGO, April 30, 1871.

The following are further particulars of the murder of the Hon. Sharon Tyndale at Springfield, Illinois. Mr. Tyndale's dead body was found in the office of his saw mill on Monday morning near Lambs foundry and only a few rods from his residence. On Friday night Mr. Tyndale determined upon a visit to St. Louis and perhaps to Belleville. He packed a small traveling sack with such articles as he needed and placed in his wallet fifty dollars in addition to a small sum, less than five dollars, then in his pocket. He called at the residence of his brother-in-law, and Mr. Tyndale, after setting an alarm clock, so as to wake him at one o'clock in the morning, without undressing, lay down on a lounge. He intended to take the train which passes south on the Chicago & St. Louis railroad at 1:50 A. M. Railroad time is fifteen minutes faster than city time, and this gave him thirty-five minutes after the striking of the alarm clock, to arise, leave the house and walk the four blocks to the station. The alarm faithfully performed its office, and at 1 o'clock Mr. Tyndale arose, took his traveling sack and entered his wife's room. He bade her an affectionate good bye, told her not to disturb herself and left the house. This was the last time he was seen alive by any of his friends. When the body was found there was a shocking gash on the left forehead near the temple, which extended down the cheek. On the right side of the back of the head, just below the ear, was a pistol bore wound into which the probe was passed four inches in a fronting and slightly upward direction, the ball evidently passing through the brain and instantaneously fatal. The shirt collar of the deceased was torn open and the necktie was found some distance from the body. The dead body lay on its face on the angle formed by the north wall of the foundry building and the west side of the saw shed. Near the body was found an oak stick an inch and a half wide, and an inch and an eighth thick, and two feet two inches long. The ends of the stick were mitred off for about an inch and a half in the line of width. A single barreled cartridge loading pistol and a number of cartridges and bird shot were also lying near the body. The pistol is of the sort known as "Southerner," and is of 32 calibre of the Brown Manufacturing Company, of Newburyport, Massachusetts. By an ingenious contrivance the barrel can be drawn two inches in length and rifled, can be turned to one side on a pivot and loaded with a cartridge or bird shot. The ball is marked with "Southerner" on the top of the barrel. It is quite new and the cartridges found with it were marked "32 one hundredth of an inch." Some tufts of short brown hair and a few hairs from the head torn out by the pistol shot were found on the ground, and there were several fragments of bricks lying about. It is pretty certain from the investigations before the Coroner's Jury, which was in session all day yesterday, that some unknown parties have been aware of Mr. Tyndale's intention to go to Belleville on that train, and thinking doubtless that he had a large amount of money on his person, determined to possess it, even by a bloody murder if necessary.

Mr. Tyndale was a well built and powerful man, and if attacked as he doubtless was he would make a desperate resistance. The murderer or murderers were prepared to do their bloody work effectually if necessary, and no doubt the struggle was terrible while it lasted, and the deliberate blow by Mr. Tyndale desperate. In the struggle hair was torn from the heads of the combatants, and Mr. Tyndale's coat was rent as mentioned. At last while the men were still locked in a deadly struggle the robber put his accomplice and fired a single shot which ended the struggle and the victim's life. The robber then rifled the body of the victim, but was frightened by something from his prey, before he had completed his work. He took out the pocket-book and seized the fifty dollars he left some other smaller sums. He pulled out the gold watch, but, this was secured by a steel chain. The gold watch which Mr. Tyndale constantly wore and which he had on when struck with the club by the hand that fired the single shot which fell to the ground in the struggle or were knocked off by the blow. These and the traveling sack he carried off and when the cool robber and murderer was obliged to depart. Mr. Tyndale leaves a wife and five children, all of whom are grown up and married and grown. The Mayor of Springfield has offered one thousand dollars for the arrest and conviction of the murderer, and doubtless the reward will be largely increased by Mr. Tyndale's friends.

Mr. Tyndale was about fifty-five years of age and was a gentleman of very considerable scientific attainments. In his law office was elected Secretary of State and has resided in Springfield since that time, having principally lived at Belleville. His remains will be taken to the latter place to-morrow for burial.

## WHEELING.

Sad Accident.

WHEELING, W. VA., April 29.—Two children aged 8 and 5 years, sons of Mrs. Castel, in company with a boy named Cox were carried over the dam into the Monongahela and drowned at Fairmount, West Virginia, to-day. The oldest boy clung to the skiff and was saved, the other two were drowned. Bodies not recovered up to dark.

IMPORTANT CASE.

The Steinrod will case which involves a large amount of property and has been taken from the court for several years and lately removed to the court in session in Brooke county, was decided to-day in favor of the will and the codicils.

## NEW YORK.

### The Stock Exchange—The Erie Litigation—Cabinet Changes—Strange Story—A Generous Offer—Ku Klux—Died of His Injuries—Death of Thalberg—Beecher's Theology—Reducing Expenses—A New Paper.

NEW YORK, April 29, 1871.

EMPHATICALLY DENIED.

The late reports which have been widely circulated, though generally discredited, that changes were soon to occur in the State and Treasury Departments, by the retirement of Secretaries Fish and Boutwell, are emphatically denied from Washington.

THE ERIE LITIGATION.

The *Tribune* this morning says; In the case of Heath and Raphael against the Erie Railroad and others, Biatchford has prepared his decision, which will probably be officially given to-day upon a demurrer taken by defendants to the bill for relief. The decision, which covers 112 pages, is in favor of the plaintiffs upon all the substantial points involved, the only point not decided in their favor being the minor one of form in relation to the joining of Charles Burt as one of the plaintiffs. Concerning this, Judge Blatchford holds that as Burt's stock had not been transferred to his name on the books of the Erie Railway but was held by him merely by the possession of stock certificates with power of attorney to transfer, he could not properly unite with the other plaintiffs in bringing suit. Leave was therefore given to amend the bill by striking out Burt's name. Judge Blatchford's order requiring Jay Gould to show cause today in the United States Circuit Court why an attachment should not issue against him for refusing to produce before the master in equity the books and papers of the Erie Railway Company contains amendments on the same order, which if made will considerably enlarge the authority of the master in conducting the case. The original order only authorized him to inquire concerning the stolen shares of stock claimed by the English stockholders. The amended order directs that Jas. H. Coleman, the receiver in this act, show cause, at the time and place designated for Mr. Gould, showing cause why the order of March 11th, 1871, should not be added and amended by inserting therein the provision that the master inquire into and fully investigate all the circumstances relating to the creation and issuing of December, 1868, and January, 1871, of thirty thousand shares of the new stock of the Erie Railway, and in consideration thereof, and all subsequent sales, transfers and dispositions of said 30,000 shares of the new stock or any part thereof, and the moneys and securities grown. The Mayor of Springfield has offered one thousand dollars for the arrest and conviction of the murderer, and doubtless the reward will be largely increased by Mr. Tyndale's friends.

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## CONNECTICUT.

Balloon Accident.

NEW BRITAIN, April 29.—Professor Hayden connected with Barnum & Murray's circus made an ascension to-day. The balloon when at an altitude of a thousand feet began to descend rapidly and exploded but the Professor had a leg broken and otherwise injured.

REVOKED.

HARTFORD, April 30.—The usual orders for a parade on election day were recently issued by Governor English to two companies, the Governor's horse and four guards and other military organizations, but it being apparent that the Legislature will not be able to determine on the first day of the session as to the time of holding Governor election, the orders have been revoked, and there will be no parade.

DEATH OF A MANUFACTURER.

Samuel W. Collins, the President of the Collins Company and founder of Collinsville, and widely known throughout the country as a manufacturer of edged tools, died this evening aged sixty-eight years.

Cotton Cutting.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., April 29.—Notwithstanding the recent agreement among the agents of the various freight lines here to advance and maintain the rates on cotton, cutting has begun, and rates are once more reduced.

## TIONESTA.

### Good Show for Oil in a New Territory.

[Special Dispatch to Pittsburgh Gazette.]

TIONESTA, April 29, 1870.

The well on the old Sowers farm has been put down twelve feet in the third sand rock which was struck at a depth of 750 feet. The indications are very good and the place is filled with anxious watchers ready to take advantage of any good strike that may be made. The test will be made on Tuesday. The well which promisses so much is owned by Messrs. Wolcot, Groves and B. C. Scott. This farm produced largely during the early oil excitement but all the old wells were on the flats and were washed out by an overflow of the river. The present well is on a hill some three hundred feet above the river.

K.

## BOSTON.

The Ten Hour Bill.

BOSTON, April 29.—The Ten Hour Bill, amended so as to apply only to minors under 18, has passed the House.

KIDNAPPING.

BOSTON, April 30.—A case which has been on trial before Judge Gray, of Worcester, wherein Hon. T. K. Earle, of Worcester, and his wife, from whom he is divorced, are interested, was on Friday last decided, giving the custody of their two children, a boy and girl, thirteen and seven years old, to his wife. To-day Earle hired a carriage, and, accompanied by two friends, proceeded to Salem, where the women and children reside. He called on Ives, counsel for Mrs. Earle and said he wished to see the children. Ives called on Mrs. Earle and she consented, and the children accompanied Ives to meet Earle near where the parties had met. Earle had his carriage in readiness with two friends, and upon meeting Ives, grabbed the girl, while one of the other men seized the boy. Earle succeeded in getting the girl into the carriage, but Ives s zing the other man by the th roat, released the children. Earle called on Mrs. Earle and she consented, and immediately started for Boston, the party having the boy being arrested there. Ives with a Deputy Marshal of Salem immediately secured a carriage and pursued Earle. Upon arriving at Chelsea they lost track of him, but he was afterwards arrested in Charlestown and taken to Salem in charge of the Marshal.

## THE RIVERS.

CINCINNATI, April 29.—River ten feet. Arrived—J. W. Garrett, from St. Louis. Departed—Lorena, for Pittsburgh; Minnecola, for Memphis. Raining to-night.

CINCINNATI, April 30.—River 10 feet and stationary. Arrived—Spray, Nashville; Emperor, St. Louis. Rain ceased this morning.

St. Louis, April 29.—Arrived—Belle Vernon, St. Paul; Andy Johnson, Keokuk; M. J. Wicks, New Orleans; Columbia, Little Rock; Mountaineer, Kansas City; Sam Clark, La Salle; Flirt, Upper Missouri; Viela Belle, Omaha; Lucy Bertram, Keokuk; S. S. Morrill, St. Paul; Dubois, Davenport; H. C. Yeager and Dexter, New Orleans; City of Vicksburg and Anglo-Saxon, Memphis; R. J. Lockwood, Salt Lake, Utah. Arkansas river; Capital City, Kansas City; Petrel, Island No. 1. Departed—M. J. Wicks, Cairo; Lucy Bertram, Keokuk; 3 barges of feet water to Cairo; all upper streams declining. Weather alternately clear and cloudy. Memphis Appeal of the 28th reports the departure of the Anglo-Saxon for Cincinnati, with 124,515 tons; shipments during same time, 106,200 tons. Total amount of claims filed against the Great Republic, $46,000.

St. Louis, April 30.—Arrived: Dubuque No. 2, Keokuk; Wm. Crane, Keokuk; Mollie, City of Chester from Memphis; Ironsides and barges from Cairo. There were no departures. Rainy all night and this morning. Weather warm. Shortly after the Lucy Bertram left port yesterday she broke her piston rod, cylinderhead and pitman, and was towed back to the city for repairs.

LOUISVILLE, April 29.—River falling slowly, with 7 feet 7 inches in the canal and 5 feet five inches in the channel. Cloudy and warm to-day, with high wind, but no rain. Another storm seems brewing, some better. Arrived—J. S. McDonald, Baton Rouge;

# THE DAILY GAZETTE.

OFFICIAL PAPER
Of Pittsburgh, Allegheny City and Allegheny County.

GAZETTE BUILDING:
Corner of Sixth Avenue and Smithfield Street.

MONDAY, MAY 1, 1871.


HEADQUARTERS
REPUBLICAN STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE
of Pennsylvania,
No. 1105 Chestnut Street,
PHILADELPHIA, January 23, 1871.

In pursuance of the Resolution of the Republican State Central Committee, adopted at Altoona, August 16, 1870, a State Convention, composed of delegates from each Senatorial and Representative District in the number to which each district is entitled in the Legislature, will meet in the Hall of the House of Representatives, at Harrisburg, at 12 o'clock, noon, on the 17th DAY of MAY, A. D. 1871, to nominate candidates for Auditor General and Surveyor General, and to take action upon the question of Constitutional Reform, and for the transaction of such other business as may be brought before it.

MAILON H. DICKINSON,
Chairman Executive Committee of State Central Committee.
GEORGE W. HAWKESLEY,
M. S. QUAY,
JAMES W. M. NEWLIN, } Secretaries.
1a27

BONDS at Frankfort, 97.

PETROLEUM at Antwerp, 47.

GOLD closed in New York on Saturday at 111¼@111¼.

WE SHALL EXPECT every Republican member in the House of our State Legislature to be present at his post this evening, to resist by his vote, the effort of the Democrats to amend the Registry law, making it in fact little else than a nullity. Absence under such circumstances is inexcusable. The Democrats have been warned to be present, hoping to find a few Republicans absent, and in this way to carry the measure.

NEW YORK journals are lamenting over the fact that some of their city passenger lines are given up to the control of roughs, who deal in insult and abuse to passengers with impunity. One complaint however, seems to be even more general than any of the rest, and that is, that a lady cannot step on or off the cars, without the driver *encircling* her with his protecting arm. New York does not stand alone in this respect, but the came equivocal character of politeness is manifested in other cities.

THE CONSTITUTIONALITY of the income tax seems about to be reviewed in detail. On a question arising over the report of a Massachusetts Judge of Probate to pay his Income tax, the Supreme Court of the United States decided that the salaries of State Officers are not taxable under the Internal Revenue Laws. Justice Clifford on pronouncing the decision, declared in effect that any such tax on the salaries paid by States to their officers, was unconstitutional. While we do not endorse the reasoning by which the Justice arrived at his decision, still we regret that Congress should so long delay repealing this tax, as to allow questions of this kind to be raised and decided. It is but a single step, beyond all question, of the number that will be made hereafter, for it opens a door for a defence on grounds so analagous to the one in this case, that the result can scarcely be doubted. We think it would have been wiser had Congress acted on the matter at its last session, and relieved all further dispute, by abolishing the tax altogether.

TO-DAY our German fellow-citizens will celebrate in fitting manner the jubilee of peace—the ending of the sanguinary and terrible conflict of arms between France and Germany, which resulted so gloriously to the arms of their Fatherland. The celebration is not intended as an exhibition of joy over the humiliation and downfall of the once great and powerful French nation, but to give proper manifestation of the spirit of thankfulness which fills the heart on the advent of sweet peace and the cessation of the awful scenes attendant upon bloody strife. Our German people to-day will chant *Te Deums* of gratitude and rejoice that the smiling land of their birth is no longer filled with sorrow, that the loved ones left beyond the sea are at peace again with all mankind, and that the happy hearthstones of their childhood are no longer darkened and made sad by the heavy cloud of wicked war. All people can rejoice in the jubilee to-day, for God must smile when the public heart, attuned to charity and the harmony of universal love, goes out in gladsome strains to thank Him that fellowship has been restored in the human family, and that under heaven peace is enthroned and good-will everywhere reigns supreme.

RULOFF, the murderer, now awaiting his execution, has issued a petition to Governor Hoffman, New York, for pardon, or at least the commutation of his sentence to imprisonment for life. He assigns as his reasons for being pardoned, that he did not commit the murder, and that there is sufficient testimony, even now in possession of the District Attorney, to prove conclusively that fact. Failing in this, he urges that the sentence of death be not carried into execution, because of his special and personal knowledge in connection with an important discovery in Language. It is hardly possible that any such evidence as he insists there is, can be in the possession of the District Attorney, otherwise there can be little doubt it would be forthcoming. To refuse to grant the miserable wretch the benefits of all proofs of his innocence of the fearful offence of which he has been convicted, would be little less than murder, and no one but a brute would urge the execution of any man, under such circumstances. The probabilities are that the District Attorney is thoroughly satisfied of the prisoners guilt, and that all the evidence in his possession tends in that direction. As to the discovery of Ruloff, if he has made any, it is not to be put in the balance against the murder of a citizen. Assuming that Ruloff has really discovered some derivation of words, unknown at the present day, yet so long as the law exists as it does at present, that law should be carried into execution. To establish such a precedent in the case of Ruloff, would only be saying that learned men might commit murder almost with impunity.

### BITUMINOUS COAL MINES.

Some time ago, Mr. Humphreys introduced in the House a bill providing for the appointment of Commissioners to investigate the present condition of coal mines throughout the bituminous coal regions of this Commonwealth. Prior to this bill being brought before the Legislature, an effort was made to extend the act in reference to the anthracite mines, to bituminous coal mines. We called attention at the time to this effort, and we think that that bill was wisely defeated. There was much in it that was entirely inapplicable to bituminous mines, and had it become a law, it would have been burdensome and oppressive to the operators, and of comparitively little benefit to the miners.

The effort, however, of Mr. Humphreys is of a far different nature, and the provisions of his bill point towards remedying an evil that is too frequently found in our mines, and which our present laws fail to meet. That there is too often a want of proper ventilation and drainage of mines is beyond question, and the necessary consequence is an imposition on the miners.

Mr. Humphrey's bill provides for the appointment of a Board of Commissioners, to be composed of those who have a reputable, practical knowledge of bituminous coal mines, whose duty shall be to carefully investigate the present condition of bituminous coal mines, with reference to the health and safety of persons employed therein. It empowers the Commissioners to enter the mines whenever they shall deem it expedient to do so, and it pays each of the Commissioners for the services rendered five dollars per day for every day employed, with the requirement that the account shall be verified by affidavit.

It will be seen that the provisions of the bill are not technical, but that they are all plain and intelligible, providing for an actual want, and guarding at the same time the Treasury of the State from any pilfering under the law. We believe, therefore, that the proposed measure is good and commendable, and that the object in introducing it, was nothing but a sincere desire on the part of Mr. Humphreys to meet the wants of a class of his constituency. We are aware that other reasons have been assigned, and out of the effort to answer favorably the petition of numberless miners, there has been wrested one, assigning political grounds for the basis of the effort. We not only believe that the charge is unwarranted and without the slighest ground, but that to do less than Mr. Humphreys has done, would have been unjust to those who have forwarded him many and numerously signed petitions on the subject. We thus call prominent attention to the fact, believing that none of our citizens should be denied relief, where there is a wrong and can be a remedy.

### DEAD ISSUES.

The New York *World* publishes in its issue of the 28th, a communication purporting to come from Pittsburgh, with reference to the issues of the Democratic party in the coming Presidential Campaign. Presupposing that the letter was actually written in this city, while we can but give credit to the author for his ingenuity, we are led to wonder how he arrived at his conclusion that ninety per cent. of the Democracy unhesitatingly adopt the position of the *World*. We might inquire which position? A journal that veers here and there in its "fixed convictions" to the extent the *World* does, is not a very reliable guarantee of the position any one assumes who indorses it. But yesterday it denounced Frank Blair and his Brodhead letter; then it urged his election as Vice President; then it bemoaned the fact the letter was ever written; then it rebuked Blair for referring to that letter in the Senate; then it palliated the offence and insisted the worthy Senator was *forced* to do as he had done; finally it flew back to its old ground against resurrecting the "dead issues of the past." On this subject it has been all things to all men, and it is therefore slightly unsafe to endorse its position, without expressly naming the position thus endorsed.

We gather, however, from the letter, that the ninety per cent. alluded to are regarded as endorsing the position not to resurrect the dead issues. On this point, however, we would be pleased to learn, whether this is not precisely the same ground taken by the Democracy individually heretofore. During the last campaign the great cry was raised that the issues of the past were dead. This was the Democratic cry, and it was through that cry the words came in general use. The Democratic party is responsible for this combination, and from every stand all over the State, these two words were mouthed over, and every Democratic speaker urged on his hearers that "bygones were bygones," and that the issues of the past were dead. How is it then, that now, nearly four years after these issues were thus declared extinct by the Democratic party, that we find our cheerful, hopeful, writer of this city making the statement that only ninety per cent. were satisfied, even at this time, to accept the situation, and that ten per cent. of the Democratic vote is opposed to allowing the past to be an accepted fact. One might have been excused for thinking, from the statements made during the last Presidential campaign, that all the reconstruction measures were so permanently fixed, that Democracy would never hereafter raise a question over them. In despite of this, however, we find one of the first acts of the Democratic Indiana Legislature was to raise that very question, and that the Democratic New York Legislature did the very same thing, though perhaps not to such an extent. No one with a grain of common sense doubts, that had both branches of the Pennsylvania Legislature been Democratic that body would have imitated the example set by Indiana. Even the New York *World*, is very far from going anything like the distance on this point that its correspondent does, for that journal expressly accepts the constitutional amendments, "subject to the decision of the Supreme Court." This is not an acceptance at all, but only an expression of the intent on the part of the Democracy to undo all that has been done just as soon as the Democracy gets fairly into power.

Had not this same clamor been raised before, our citizens might have placed some reliance on its truth. But they heard it four years ago, and yet they found that Democracy in every instance where it was possible, raised this very question, after the election, in spite of its protests against raising the issue during the campaign. Thinking men, therefore, will read communications of the nature alluded to with distrust, believing that if only ninety per cent. of the Democracy "around here" are in favor of accepting the reconstruction measures, the ten per cent. left, combined with the united Southern vote, will laugh at platforms after success, and insist that the calculation was a slight mistake, and that ninety per cent. of the Democracy of the United States were just the other way of thinking. That such would be the result, we think no sane man will doubt. But the writer is mistaken in another particular. *Platforms* will *not* elect the Democratic nominee. If they would have done so, there would have been nothing but Democratic Presidents, for the last ten years. What the people judge by is *the record. That* cannot be wiped out by any wordy platform. There is no use of talking about "dead issues." There are none, and can be none while the Democracy keeps alive that record as it is doing at the present. In this the correspondent of the *World* is mistaken. He is also mistaken in supposing that the people will believe that Democracy will accept the reconstruction measures. It is too late now, after the recent exhibition of Democratic hatred towards these measures to attempt to throw dust in the eyes of the people in that way. And, above all, it seems doubly suspicious, that this correspondent should be compelled to go all the way to New York to get the communication inserted, when there was a pure Democratic journal right at his door at home.

### TREES.

Many a town of far less architectural pretension than Pittsburgh, with not half as much money spent upon buildings, nor quarter as much money that might be spent if the owners saw fit, is regarded as a place of beauty, a charming city, a desirable place to live, while Pittsburgh is spoken of as "a good place to make money," a sort of purgatorial residence of Plutus, which must be abandoned for some distant paradise as soon as that wealthy potentate sees fit to smile upon one. Hell with the lid off was suggested as a synonym for our city by a well-known writer and accepted as appropriate without a murmur.

Now what is the reason of this? Is it because of the smoke and dirt which permeate the air and put the city's trade mark upon everything exposed to it. Doubtless the singularities of our atmosphere *do* have something to do with it, and are perhaps indirectly responsible for it all. But we believe that even without consuming the smoke our city could be made very much more attractive if our people would only think so.

It is not long since scarcely a house was painted a light color, because it was said there was no use in it in so dirty a town, whereas the fact is that the dirtier the town the more necessary do counteracting cheerfulnesses become. But the one thing needful to make our city brighter, more cheerful and attractive is the planting of trees. They are not expensive nor very troublesome, and if freely indulged in are of inestimable value to the private property on which they grow as well as to the public at large. Many kinds of trees will not grow in our atmosphere, but there are others that will. The ailanthus will grow any place, so too will the catalpa, if the police will only keep the boys off it. The linden and even the water maple and elm can also be induced to grow in our streets as occasional, though much too unfrequent, experiment has proven. We have always advocated the establishment of a park, but we believe that a liberal use of shade trees throughout our streets would do both our town and our people even more good than would a park.

Will not our citizens look to this, and if no public organization for the propagation of shade trees be established, see to it themselves individually? Every man at small expense might plant in front of his own doorway, and in a few years the trees would grow to be a public benefit.

[For the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

### THE OLDEN TIME.

XI.

Have patience with me and take a stroll in the eastern portion of the town. We will start from the corner of Water and Ross streets, where stood the paper mill owned by Henry Holdship.

Going up the east side we find only a rough road, until, near the corner of Third street, we come to the carpenter shop of John W. Johnston, and next to it, near the corner of Fourth street, his brick dwelling house. Mr. Johnston was a member of the first elected city council, and a very worthy man. A daughter of his, now living, is the wife of Mr. James I. Bennett.

From this point I shall wind around the edge of Ross's hill to High street, then called Hog's Lane. Near Mr. Johnston's, at a later period, there was a cotton factory, erected by Isaac and Wesley Weaver. Going up Hog's Lane on the east side, we find small dwelling houses scattered along until we come to the steam tilt hammer works, erected and carried on by Magnus M. Murray and Wm. B. Foster, where numerous articles, such as shovels, scythes, axes and other edged tools, chains, tobacco and timber screws, &c., were manufactured. Some time after the abandonment of the establishment it was turned into a public garden, known as the Tang Tye Garden, and kept by a Mr. Starr. At a still later period the same building and grounds were occupied as a rolling mill by Wm. H. Hays, with a number of the puddlers from the Union Rolling Mill, where was made a general assortment of merchant bar and sheet iron. This improvement extended out as far as Coal Lane, now Webster street.

Returning to Water street, on the west corner there were some small buildings connected with Bakewell, Page and Bakewell's glass works. Then the street was not built up until, at the corner of Third street, was the patent shop of Alexander Miller Esq., and, a little later, Miller and Freeman built their foundry there. Ross street only extended as far as Fourth street.

I shall now come to the corner of Grant and Waters street where stood the glass works of Bakewell, Page and Bakewell, on the opposite corner, there were a few small dwellings occupied by their hands. From this point the ground was vacant as far as the corner of Fourth street where began the orchard connected with James Ross' dwelling and extending to near the corner of Coal lane. At the corner there was a two story log house, occupied by Peter Nieman a teamster and from this point to Seventh avenue, was but a narrow rough wagon way.

Returning to Water street, on the west side of Grant, as far as First street the ground was occupied by Robinson's glass factory; then there was only vacant ground to Third street, on the corner of which was the residence of Mahlon Rodgers, beyond which there were no more buildings until reaching the north corner of Fourth street where stood a log house occupied by a family named Hicks, whose garden extended back as far as the line of what is now Diamond street, but which was not then opened. Beyond this to Strawberry alley was an open common or pasture ground, extending westwardly as far as Hogg's pond, covering what is now two entire squares in width. This was known as the top of Grant's hill and was a pleasant playground for the children; while, from the west side, there was a fine view of the town and of the Ohio river. On this same open space was the camping ground of the Pittsburgh Blues before their departure for the frontiers in 1812. Near the high bank of the hill nearest to Fourth street there was a large circle of great boulders of stone which was said to enclose the grave of General Grant.

The first break of improvement on this ground was the excavation for the basin of our first city water works occupying the square bounded by Fifth street, Cherry alley, and Grant and Diamond streets. The next important improvement was the Catholic cathedral, and then followed the court house, the balustrade of which building is just as high as the ground there was at this time.

I shall now come to the eastern corner of Smithfield and Water streets, where the only house on the square, a two storied stone building was located. On the northern corner of First street was a log house and then the lots were all vacant as far as the brick house on the corner of Second street. From second to Third extended the corn and potato patch belonging to the old Academy. From Third to Fourth streets there were gardens, and on the corner stood a small brick cottage occupied by that good old lady Mrs. Hogg, whom you might see at any time, walking around her lot. One of her peculiarities was that she always wore a man's hat. She lived to be very old and it is but a few years since she died.

On the north side of Fourth street a high and steep assent of Grant's hill commenced and then there were no improvements along this side of the street. A short distance north of Diamond alley Hogg's pond began and extended in a northeasterly direction along the base of the hill as far as Strawberry alley, and out nearly to the line of Smithfield street until it got past Fifth street, where the ground encroaching upon and somewhat decreasing the width of the pond, some small frame tenements were erected one of which was occupied by a Mr. Burnsides who manufactured spining wheels. Passing along to Virgin alley we come to the dwelling of Mr. Barr, a bricklayer, and the father of our Mr. Samuel Watson Carr. His house was covered by a very singular roof, made of common crockery made in the shape of tiles. This house was directly in the rear of where now stands Demmler's large block. Near the middle of this square there was a brick house, and a frame one stood on the corner of Sixth street, where it may still be seen. On the north corner of Sixth street stood the German Lutheran Church which owned the ground along as far as Strawberry alley. From there to Seventh street there was but one house; at a later period however the Methodist congregation built a large church which is even yet known as Brimstone corner. One small frame house was the only one until near the corner of Liberty street, in that house mead and spruce beer—very innocent beverages—were sold; the house was known as the "Three Jolly Cherry Trees" and was kept by a Mrs. Cassilly.

Hogg's pond was between eleven and twelve hundred feet long and from eighty to one hundred and fifty feet wide, making a fine skating park for the youth of the town in the winter, while it furnished minnows for bait in the season for anglers. When the State of Pennsylvania was making the canal and cutting the tunnel through Grant's hill, this pond was entirely filled up with earth taken from the cut.

Now, returning to the corner of Water street and starting up the west side, we find the ground as far as First street, vacant lots owned by Wm. Wilkins, being the site of the present spacious Monongahela House. On the north corner of First street was a frame building, and then no more until we reached the pottery on the corner of Second street, belonging to Thos. Bracken.

On the opposite corner was the residence of Christian Latshaw, while about midway to Third street was the dwelling—a brick one—of Judge Addison. Near the opposite corner was a two storied log house, while near the corner of Fourth street was the dwelling of Samuel Magee. The square from Fourth street to Diamond alley was vacant, but at a comparatively early day Jacob Ewart built a blacksmith shop on the corner of Fourth street, and adjoining that Mr. Upstill built a wagon-making shop, after which followed the dwelling and smith shop of Mr. John Marshall. Then, some little time later, the square was filled out to Diamond alley with the dwelling and tobacco shop of George Weyman. The square extending from this to Fifth street was owned and occupied by Abner Updegraft, with his dwelling and smith shop, a long, low, one-story building, where he made some edged tools; but his chief celebrity was as an auger maker. He continued to occupy this place until the work of filling up the streets had extended so far that his building was almost buried, and many now living can remember when it was very easy to step from the sidewalk on to the roof of his building.

On the northern corner of Fifth street stood the foundry of Joseph McClurg—the first, I believe, in the place. Even at an early day cannon and ball were manufactured here for our Government. It is but a few years since most of this foundry, which occupied the whole square to Virgin alley, was removed to make way for the U. S. Custom House and Post-office; while another portion of it remained until torn down to make room for the new City Hall.

From this point to Liberty street there were only a few scattering houses, small tenements hardly to be looked upon as land marks of any note.

I shall now turn up the north side of Seventh street, from Smithfield. Near the corner was a frame dwelling, part of which still stands, owned by Mr. McCord; next door above this on the corner of Cherry alley was Dr. Bruce's church, now the First U. P. From this to the dairy and orchard of J. Hoover, afterwards of Bowers, at the head of Seventh street, there were no more buildings. Coming back to the South side at Smithfield street, we find the church on the corner, and a short distance up was the blacksmith shop and dwelling of a Mr. Nelson, who manufactured augers, bedscrews, blacksmith's vices, &c. After passing several vacant lots we cross Cherry alley and come to the brick dwelling of James B. Clow, plasterer. Adjoining his was the dwelling of James Arthurs, and in the rear of this, on Strawberry alley and along Hogg's pond, was his fulling and carding factory, where flannels, cassinets, and many other articles in the woolen business were manufactured. His two sons, John and Robert, are still living. Next to Mr. Arthurs, and on the corner of Seventh street, was the dwelling of the Rev. Mr. Steele, then pastor of the First Presbyterian church.

And here I shall close for the present, but first let me call your attention to one or two slight errors you have made in a recent letter of mine. Once you spoke of Jenny Long, when you should have said "Lang." Then you should said J. W. Skelton instead of Shelton. One of this gentleman's daughters, Mrs. Caleb Lse, now lives at Hulton Station.

RIP.

### A BRIDE BRUTALLY MURDERED.

**Revolting Crime in St. Clair County, Illinois--Lust, Murder and Pelf.**

[From the Missouri Republican, April 24.]

A revolting crime, the bare recital of the facts of which is enough to make the blood run cold, was perpetrated in St. Clair county, Illinois, on Saturday evening, and has incensed the people of the locality to a degree rarely known. The tragedy was committed at the farm house of Christian Peter, six miles southwest of Belleville, and the victim was Mrs. Mary Peter, wife of Mr. Peter, and daughter of Mr. John Keek, an aged and highly respected citizen of the county. Between three and four o'clock on Saturday afternoon Mr. Peter left his house to go to that of his father-in-law for a wagon load of corn, and it was during his absence that the terrible affair occurred. Subsequent revelations show that not long after his departure a stranger called at the house, and seeing no one but a defenceless woman present, proffered insults, which rather than submit to, the lady chose the less bitter alternative of death. The heartless intruder commenced a violent assault on Mrs. Peter, which she resisted with all her strength. How desperate the struggle was, was evident by the wounds she received, and the slaughter-house appearance of the room. Though, at the end of the struggle, the victim of the attempted outrage lay lifeless, the villain was discomfited in his base purpose. Before retiring from the scene of his atrocity he sought to add a crowning feature by pillaging the house of articles which he could carry away with out incommoding himself. Mr. Peter returned shortly before sundown, and was taken by surprise by missing his customary greeting on approaching his home. A loud crack of the whip failed to call his wife to the door, and, leaving his wagon, he raised the latch, rather perplexed about the silence. His wife lay as she was left—with her throat cut in three places, the jugular vein severed, her face hacked and bruised, hair torn in handfuls from her head, and a ghastly sight. Blood stained the wall and displaced furniture, and had trickled into pools. Mr. Peter, shocked as man had scarcely ever been before, raised the alarm and astounded his neighbors by the intelligence of the crime. Parties of men were organized to endeavor to capture the murderer, and the country was scoured in all directions, until darkness stopped further search. The good work was continued yesterday.

### THE LOST, FOUND.

**The Story of a Well Known Oil Man.**

On Monday last Mr. Henry Fisher, of Tidioute, one of the wealthiest and most respectable citizens of this region, visited the Milton Farm, on the Allegheny Valley Railroad. Mr. Fisher visited that locality on business, which is a way Mr. Fisher has, and after transacting his business Mr. Fisher proceeded to return—that is, he took passage on the train bound for Oil City. As is usual on passenger trains, a conductor was aboard, and on his interrogating Mr. Fisher for his ticket or equivalent, could obtain neither. Mr. Fisher was "strapped." He had lost his pocket-book and contents; when or where was a conundrum which remained unsolved. The loss of the pocket-book did not bother Mr. Fisher in the least, but the loss of its contents was rather embarrassing for the time being. In fact, such a loss would tickle the ribs of an umbrella. The pocket-book contained $175 in green backs; one $50 5-20 bond with all the coupons attached, which was preserved as a curiosity; a solitaire diamond pin valued at $150; three railroad passes; several business cards, etc. Mr. Fisher quietly kept his own counsel as to his loss, and also kept one eye open for "developments."

Last evening, Mr. Fisher took passage at Oil City on the up train for Titusville, and was a little surprised at observing his diamond pin adorning the shirt bosom of a young man whose visible means of support are limited, and whose front name is E. C. Cook. It is unnecessary to say that young Cook was "captured," but such was the case. Mr. Fisher asked him if he was not sporting property that belonged to other parties, when Cook replied that "he'd give 'er up"—the property, not the conundrum—and accordingly handed Mr. Fisher his pin, pocket book, passes, and ten dollars in money.

Cook stated that he *found* the pocket book, but did not tell when or where, and that he sold the bond on Titusville, and had squandered the proceeds and the balance of the money; that he had been offered $100 for the pin, but thought it worth more and so held it for a "rise." He also stated that he did not know to whom the property belonged, which was undoubtedly true, as Mr. Fisher's name decorated the different passes, cards, etc. Not wishing to create a disturbance, Mr. Fisher allowed the young man to depart in peace, though, had justice been done, he would undoubtedly have departed in pieces.

MIFFLIN TOWNSHIP, April 29, 1871.

EDITOR GAZETTE: Allow me the column of your paper to ask, and correct the editor of the *Post*, what he means by charging the Hon. M. S. Humphries to sail into the Senate by the screen bill. Does the editor not know that there was a miners' convention held on the 25th of March, 1871, at Pittsburgh, for the purpose of framing a bill? At that convention a committee was appointed that drew up the present screen bill, which is now pending in the House of Representatives. I will further state there was a screen bill introduced from Western Pennsylvania into the Legislature in 1868, and so was there a screen bill prepared about last New Year's in Washington county, which Hon. Mr. Mikey read in place. If the editor means to insinuate that the screen bill was gotton up for the purpose of politics, he is insulting every miner in Western Pennsylvania. There is justice involved in that bill, to the miners and to the honest coal operator.

The article in Saturday's *Post* concerning the joint resolution is a mistake. Doe's resolution provides for an investigation as to the health and safety of miners. The weighing and screening require no investigation whatsoever, when I tell the editor that there is not a farthing paid to the miner for all that family nut coal sold in Pittsburgh and elsewhere.

Doe's joint resolutions are proper and timely, after the discussion and defeating of the so-called ventilation bill, to be seen in the Legislative Journal of 1871, in Nos. 36, 37, 45, 52, and in No. 88 on page 701.

Yours, COAL MINER.


IMPORTANT TO THE RUPTURED.

If there is one thing more than another that requires skill and exactitude in the fitting, it is in the application of Trusses and appliances for hernia or rupture. If you will read over the health reports now and again, you will see cases reported "died of strangulated hernia." Now every one of these cases could have been relieved by the application of a proper truss. What is the value of a few dollars to the cost of a human life? Many people do not know where to get such appliances. We will tell you—Dr. Keyser, at 167 Liberty street, is the best place in the city—in fact, we can say without bias, in the country. Every kind of rupture can be relieved by him, and in many cases a thorough cure can be obtained. The Doctor has made the fitting of instruments for hernia the study of his life, and it ought to be a matter of satisfaction to the afflicted to know where perfect relief can be procured. A prevalent error on the part of very many persons is to mistake other appearances for rupture, which never need be the case by one skilled in the application and schooled in the anatomy of Rupture. Of a truth it is too serious an affliction to be in doubt about. Our readers will cut this out and remember the place. Dr. Keyser's, 167 Liberty street.

THE ONLY PLACE IN THE CITY TO GET PECK'S IMPALPABLE DENTIFRICE.

The components of this Powder are strictly free from silliceous matter, and are entirely soluble in the fluids of the mouth. Especial care is taken to reduce the powder to the finest degree of comminution. Under these conditions it is a perfect Preservative for the Teeth, being sufficiently hard to reduce the tartar formations without at all affecting the enamel. The powder should be used at least once a day. Also, fresh Drugs and Patent Medicines of all kinds sold at the very lowest prices.

JAMES E. BURNS & CO.'S
DRUG STORE,
Cor. Penn and Sixth streets, (old St. Clair.)

PREVENTINE MEDICATION.

A radical change has been introduced in the practice of medicine. Physicians have ceased to torture and prostrate their patients. Instead of pulling down, they build up; instead of assaulting nature, they assist her. Cupping, leeching, blistering, venesection, calomel, antimony, stupifying narcotics, and rasping purgatives, once the favorite resources of the faculty, are now rarely resorted to even by the most dogmatic members of the profession. The old creed was that disease was something which must be expelled by violent artificial means, irrespect ve of the wear and tear of the vital organization in the process. The new creed recognizes the improvement of the general health as essential to the cure of all local ailments. Hence it is that Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, the most potent vegetable tonic that pharmacy has ever brought to the assistance of nature in her warfare with disease, has been cordially approved by practitioners of the modern school. It is pleasant to reflect that reason and philosophy have at last been victorious over the errors of the past, and that thousands, and tens of thousands, of human beings are alive and well to-day who would indubitably be mouldering in their graves, had they been subjected to the pains and penalties which were deemed orthodox and indispensable thirty or forty years ago.

Preventive medication was scarcely thought of then; but now it is considered of paramount importance, and the celebrity of the standard invigorant, alterative and restorative of the age, (a title which Hostetter's Bitters have fairly earned by their long career of success,) is mainly due to its efficiency as a protective preparation.

A course of the Bitters is urgently recommended as a safe and certain antidote to intermittent and remittent fevers, diarrhea, dysentery, and other maladies.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FABER & VAN DOREN,
367 Liberty Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
STEAM ENGINES,
IRON AND WOOD WORKING
MACHINERY,
Steam Pumps,
Engineers' and Machinists' Tools,
STEAM FIRE ENGINES,
BELTING,
Woolen Machinery, Machine Cards.
Manufacturers' and Mill Supplies. A constant supply on hand and furnished on short notice.
ORDERS SOLICITED.

GRAFF, HUGUS & CO.,
Manufacturers of
Cooking and Heating
STOVES,
RANGES, FURNACES,
AND
Fine Grate Fronts,
INCLUDING THE
COLUMBIA COOK STOVE,
Confidence Cook Stove,
The Boston
DOUBLE-OVEN IMPROVED
Cooking Range,
Nile's Improved Star Range,
AND
FIERY FURNACE.
OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE:
206 and 208
Liberty Street.

JAMES H. RANKIN,
DEALER IN
House Furnishing Goods,
CUTLERY, PLATED WARE,
WOODEN AND WILLOW WARE,
WALNUT GOODS, NOTIONS, &c.
No. 6 Sixth (St. Clair) Street
ap25-q29-TF PITTSBURGH, PA.

CORN EXCHANGE
Bag, Rope and Twine Manufactory.
Manufacturers of the celebrated
PHILADELPHIA SEAMLESS BAG,
Of which we have 5,000 now on hand; also 900 INDIA BAGS.
Stores: 347 LIBERTY STREET, Pittsburgh;
N. E. COR. MARKET and WATER STREETS, Philadelphia.
Factory, Front and Tasker streets, Philadelphia.
JOHN T. BAILEY & CO.
Represented in Pittsburgh by
ap20 HENRY P. JONES.

IF YOU WANT A LARGE COOKING RANGE for a fine house, get BISSELL & CO.'S PITTSBURGH RANGE. It is the finest finished and best range made in Pittsburgh.
235 LIBERTY STREET.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WILLIAM SEMPLE'S
NEW STORE,
OPEN TO-DAY, THURSDAY, APRIL 27th,
WITH AN ELEGANT STOCK OF
NEW GOODS,
Embracing the Latest Novelties in
DRESS GOODS.
Black and Colored Dress Silks.
Plain and Fancy Japanese Silks.
Plain and Fancy Grenadines.
Plain, Plaid and Striped Japanese Cloths.
Irish Poplins, all colors.
Lawns, Chintzes and Percales.
Plain and Striped Chambrays.
Fine Scotch Ginghams, beautiful styles.
SPECIALTIES,
SUCH AS
$1.25, American Black Silks.
1.87½, Cheney Brothers' Gros Grain Silks.
75c., Japanese Silks.
25c., Plain and Striped Grenadines.
25c., Plain and Plaid Japanese Cloths.
12½c., New Spring Delaines.
A COMPLETE STOCK OF
Housekeeping Dry Goods
CASSIMERES, JEANS, &C.
AT
WM. SEMPLE'S,
165, 167 and 169 Federal Street,
ALLEGHENY.

SUITS, SUITS,
Lawn Suits,
Linen Suits.
MOORHOUSE & CARSTEN,
21 Fifth Avenue.
We take pleasure in announcing that we are receiving a full and choice line of
Lawn and Linen Suits,
AT VERY LOW PRICES.
ALL NEW STYLES
IN
Lama Lace Sacques,
Lama Lace Points,
Lama Lace Overdress.
A FRESH ARRIVAL
OF
Spring Shawls,
Black Silks,
Japanese Silks,
Pure Silks,
IN BLACK AND WHITE.
LACE CURTAINS AND NETS,
Silk Mantles,
Foulard Silks,
AT LOW PRICES.
21 Fifth Avenue.

WHOLESALE.
Morganstern & Co.,
78 and 80 MARKET STREET.
1,000 doz. RIBBED HOSE.
2,000 doz. PLAIN COTTON HOSE.
2,000 doz. MEN'S HALF HOSE.
GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS—a complete stock.
A A RIBBONS at Eastern prices.
WHITE GOODS OF ALL KINDS.
LACE AND COTTON TRIMMINGS.
A splendid selection of
PIQUES,
AT THE LOWEST FIGURES.
Embroideries all widths.
ROYAL DUKE PAPER COLLARS.
ARAGO COLLARS.
BOZ COLLARS.
DICKENS COLLARS.
SPOOL COTTONS.
ALL THE STANDARD MAKES.
Country storekeepers will find it to their advantage to look through our stock before purchasing elsewhere.
MORGANSTERN & CO.,
ap26-t23 78 and 80 MARKET STREET.

DRY GOODS
ARBUTHNOT, SHANNON & CO.,
Offer their
New Spring Stock
AT EASTERN PRICES.
Lowest in Nine Years,
No. 115 Wood Street.
C. ARBUTHNOT, W. T. SHANNON,
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BUY THE GENUINE.
CLARK'S
"O. N. T."
SPOOL COTTON
GEO. A. CLARK,
SOLE AGENT.
Sold Everywhere.

BISSELL & CO.'S KEY STONE HOT AIR FURNACE for Churches and Dwellings. Heavy, Simple, Strong and Substantial, free from Gases and Smoke and Dirt. The latest and best Furnace out. Operation warranted.
235 LIBERTY STREET.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SEMPLE'S
NEW STORE,
RSDAY, APRIL 27th,
ANT STOCK OF
GOODS,
Hats and Bonnets,
RIBBONS AND FLOWERS,
SHAWLS, SKIRTS,
UNDERWEAR,
Parasols and Sun Umbrellas,
WHITE GOODS,
Embroideries and Laces.
Ladies and Children's Suits and Aprons.
HOSIERY,
GLOVES.
NOTIONS, etc.,
AT VERY LOW PRICES,
Wholesale and Retail,
AT
WM. SEMPLE'S,
165, 167 and 169 Federal Street,
ALLEGHENY.

Macrum & Carlisle,
27 FIFTH AVENUE,
Have Opened a Complete Line of
Hamburgs,
Real Laces,
Lace Collars,
Linen Collars.
ALL THE NEW STYLES
Parasols,
French Corsets,
Glove-Fitting Corsets,
Hoop Skirts, new shape,
Fringes, Gimps, Buttons,
Corded and Plain Satin,
Plain and Fancy Bow Ribbons.
A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF THE
"HARRIS SEAMLESS KID GLOVE,"
Elegant shades, reduced to
$2.00 Per Pair.
A FULL LINE OF
Foreign and Domestic Hosiery.
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THE BEST
Are the Cheapest!
BURT'S
FINE SHOES,
For Ladies, Misses and Children,
Are well known to be the BEST. All warranted None Genuine without his Trade Mark.
A full line of these goods are sold in Pittsburgh
BY
W. E. Schmertz & Co.,
31 Fifth Avenue.
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| | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 10 | 25 | 50 | 75 | $1.00 | $1.50 | $2.00 |
| 10 | 25 | 50 | 75 | $1.00 | $1.50 | $2.00 |
| 10 | 25 | 50 | 75 | $1.00 | $1.50 | $2.00 |
| 10 | 25 | 50 | 75 | $1.00 | $1.50 | $2.00 |
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| 10 | 25 | 50 | 75 | $1.00 | $1.50 | $2.00 |
| 10 | 25 | 50 | 75 | $1.00 | $1.50 | $2.00 |
| 10 | 25 | 50 | 75 | $1.00 | $1.50 | $2.00 |

These are the LEADING PRICES AT EVANS' DEPARTMENT STORE, 56 Fifth Avenue, MASONIC HALL.

American Watches.
Waltham Watch Co.,
E. Howard & Co.,
Elgin Watch Co.,
United States Watch Co.,
OF ALL GRADES.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
At the Lowest Prices in the City.
THE
"ZIMMERMAN WATCH."
This Watch, made by Karl Zimmerman-Livingston, is fully equal to any watch in the market, not excepting the Frodsham. Its superiority is fully attested by the wearers of them in this city.
FOR SALE BY
MEYRAN & SIEDLE.
Sole Agents, 42 Fifth Avenue.
ap27-p32

SPRING GOODS.
We have in store and are daily receiving additions to our own and other manfactures, a large stock of
Floor Oil Cloths and Oil Cloths,
of all kinds, including our superior make of GREEN CLOTH for Window Shades; also WINDOW SHADES for Dwellings and Show Windows; SHADE HOLLANDS, FIXTURES, &c., all of the newest styles
Boston Belting Company's make of RUBBER BELTING, HOSE and STEAM PACKING. Rubber Goods of all kinds.
Oak Tanned Leather Belting,
LACE LEATHER, &C.
We offer our stock on hand to purchasers of all kinds at greatly reduced prices.
J. & H. PHILLIPS,
ap1 26 AND 28 SIXTH STREET.

WALL PAPER.
Spring

## FINANCIAL.


**Robinson Brothers,**

**BANKERS,**

**No. 78 Fourth Ave.,**

Buy and sell all kinds of

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Orders Executed for the Purchase and Sale of STOCKS at the NEW YORK STOCK BOARD.

**Interest Allowed on Deposits.**

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**FUNDED LOAN**

**Of 1880, 1885 and 1900.**

SUBSCRIPTION BOOKS NOW OPEN.

**JAMES T. BRADY & CO.**


# THE DAILY GAZETTE.

## MONEY AND COMMERCE.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, SATURDAY, April 29, 1870.

There has been an active demand for loans throughout the week, and private lenders have been able to secure fair amounts of the best paper current in the market. The banks and larger discount houses seem to be full but little just at present. A number of the National Banks are preparing for their semi-annual dividends on the first of May, while others have gone in the way of accommodations as far as the law allows. The home demand for money has been steady during the month, calling in balances from abroad so closely that, for a few days past, eastern exchange was scarce. From the present outlook, however, the market will probably improve, and borrowers find fewer sharp corners to turn.

The local stock market has been inactive, but prices in the main firm, and in some cases showing a marked improvement.

There is a steady investment demand for Allegheny Valley, and Connellsville bonds. Banks are built for this class of bonds for the reason they are higher than many securities equally safe. It is perhaps hardly fair to say that in this case the market rules low, for the investor, for the higher a good bond is put, no matter by what means, the more eager some people are to get them. It is expected that large blocks of the first named bonds have been bought up and laid away, thus draining the market for the purpose of putting in operations preliminary to the issue of new extension bonds. There is nothing "peculiar" or sharp in the operation, because the 7-30's are really a better investment for estate and trust funds, than deposits in any of our savings banks—it is only a fair explanation of the rapid rise in quotations from 90 to 95.

There was some excitement for National Bank stocks, but the supply in the market continues meagre. It is probable that they will come more freely after ex-dividend, as small lots of a number of the hundred and one new banking enterprises "savings" and otherwise, were offered for sale, but no prices were established.

In the Miscellaneous list of Bridge, Insurance, Railroad and Coal stocks there was little or nothing done. A sale of Columbia was reported at $16 to-day. The production continues fair, and the price of oil on the creek has reached from $3.35 to $4.00, at the latter figure for oil, and as steady yield as during the past month, $10 a day, which is a very reasonable price for the stock.

The sudden break in the New York board seems to have nearly exhausted its force, and whether a new and larger line of shorts has been made or not, the condition of the money market and the continued advance in Government bonds, would seem to promise a renewal of the speculative feeling of a week ago, and higher quotations have been made this season. The Bank Statement is an extremely favorable one as will be noticed by the figures below.

| | |
|---|---|
| Loans, increased | $2,300,000 |
| Specie, increased | 1,000,000 |
| Deposits, increased | 5,300,000 |
| Legal Tenders, increased | 3,800,000 |

Robinson Bros., No. 78 Fourth avenue, furnish the following comparative quotations of bonds and stocks, from their latest advices by wire:

| | Friday. | Saturday. |
|---|---|---|
| Bonds—1881 | 116¼ | 116¼ |
| 5-20's 1862 | 114 | 114 |
| " 1864 | 114 | 114 |
| " 1865 | 114 | 114 |
| " 1865 new | 112¾ | 113 |
| " 1867 | 112¾ | 113 |
| " 1868 | 113 | 113 |
| 10-40s | 109½ | 109½ |
| Currency 6s | 115½ | 115½ |
| Gold | 111¼ | 111¼ |
| RAILWAYS. | | |
| New York Central | 100⅜ | 100⅜ |
| Do Scrip | 95⅜ | 95⅜ |
| Erie | 21¾ | 21¾ |
| Reading | 110⅜ | 109⅜ |
| Lake Shore | 102¼ | 102¼ |
| Cleveland & Pittsburgh | 125 | 124½ |
| Rock Island | 113⅝ | 113⅝ |
| Chicago & N. W. | 84⅝ | 84⅝ |
| Do. Preferred | 96¼ | 96¼ |
| St. Paul, Common | 62⅝ | 62⅝ |
| Do. Preferred | 81⅜ | 82 |
| Wabash | 64¾ | 65⅛ |
| Do. Preferred | 80⅜ | 80⅝ |
| Ohio & Mississippi | 32⅜ | 32⅜ |
| Pacific Mail | 47¾ | 47¾ |
| West. Union Telegraph | 59¾ | 60¾ |
| Adams Express | 93½ | 93½ |
| U. S. Express | 54¾ | 55 |
| Wells, Fargo | 44 | 44 |

Closing quotations as received by James T. Brady & Co:

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Gold | 111¾ | 5-20 Jan. & Jy. '65 | 113 |
| U. S. 6s, 1881 | 117⅛ | 5-20 Jan. & Jy. '67 | 113 |
| U. S. 5-20 1862 | 114¼ | 5-20 Jan. & Jy. '68 | 113 |
| U. S. 5-20 1864 | 114¼ | U. P. R. R. | 88¾ |
| U. S. 5-20 1865 | 114⅞ | C. P. R. R. | 100 |
| U. S. 10-40 | 109¾ | Cy. Pacifics | 115¾ |

NEW YORK, April 29, 1871.

Gold steady, with all transactions at 111¾@111¾. Loans made at from flat to 3 per cent., both for use and carrying. Exports to-day, $1,945,189; for week, $5,332,903. Government bonds are strong and higher, in anticipation of liberal purchases by the Treasury during May and on demand from foreign bankers. Stocks have been somewhat steadier to-day than for some time past. The principal features were Lake Shore and Ohio. It is said to-day that the cliques again sold some of their stocks, expecting buying at lower figures, and then to run the market up again. The market closed off from the highest figures, but firm in tone. Express stocks being exceptionally strong, United States having advanced to sixty.

The bank statement was unusually favorable. The following are the changes:

| | |
|---|---|
| Loans, increase | $2,346,742 |
| Specie, increase | 1,625,311 |
| Circulation, decrease | 29,475 |
| Deposits, increase | 5,168,429 |
| Legal tenders, increase | 3,868,225 |

Money very easy, at 3 to 5 per cent. State bonds dull and without decided change.

Sterling exchange 109½.

GOVERNMENTS.—Coupons '81, 117½@118; '62, 114¾; '64, 114; '65, 114; new do., 113; '67, 114¾; '68, 113. 10-40s, 109¾. Currency 6s, 115¾.

STATE BONDS.—Missouri, 93½; Tennessee, old, 67¾; new, 67¾. Virginia new, 75; do new, 67¾; North Carolina, old, 47¾; do new, 25¾.

MISCELLANEOUS.—Western Union Telegraph, 60¾; Quicksilver, 12½; Mariposa, 6; do preferred, 10; Adams Express, 51¾; Wells & Fargo Express, 60; American Union Express, 46; United States Express, 54; Pacific Mail, 48; New York Central, 100; Erie, 95¾; Erie, 21¾; do preferred, 44; Harlem, 125¼; do preferred 135; Reading, 109¾; Michigan Central, 122¾; Cleveland & Pitts., 124½; Northwestern 83½; do preferred, 94¾; Rock Island, 124½; New Jersey Central, 108; St. Paul, 62½; do preferred, 81¾; Wabash, 64¾; do preferred 68; Fort Wayne, 99; Terre Haute, 30¾; do preferred 50; Chicago and Alton 118; do preferred 119; Ohio and Mississippi 31½; C. C. & I. 89¾; Baltimore and Ohio 105; Lake Shore 101¾; Illinois Central 134; Union Pacific 33¾; Central Pacific Bonds 109¾. Union 89¾.

### PITTSBURGH MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, SATURDAY, April 29, 1871.

APPLE BUTTER—Sales of prime, in crocks and kegs, at 70@75 per gallon.

ASHES—Common Soda, 3¾@4; refined do, 4¾; Pots 7¾@7¾; Pearls, 9@9¼.

APPLES—In light supply and the season is almost over; we continue to quote prime to choice at $6.00@7.00 per bbl, and fair to medium at $4@5.

BUTTER—The receipts continue liberal, and the market is dull even at the recent decline, which is evident from the fact that it is accumulating. We continue to quote good to choice at 22@30c, against 30@35c this day week. The lower grades continue very dull, and to effect sales a very low figures have to be accepted.

BROOM CORN—Is quiet and unchanged; sales at 4@6 cts per lb, according to quality.

BEANS—Dull; $1.50@2.00 per bushel.

BRESWAX—Quoted at 25@30 cts.

CHEESE—Sales of new Ohio cheese at 14@16, as to quality. Prime old York State Goshen, 17@18 c.

CARBON OIL—Is quiet and unchanged; standard brands, 21@21½c, in a jobbing way—small lots, 23@25c.

CORN MEAL—Demand very light and prices unchanged; small sales at 90 cts per bushel.

CANDLES—Quoted at 12 cts for mould, and 10 for sdm.

CANNED GOODS—Tomatoes, $2.70@2.75 per dozen; peaches, $3.50 per dozen in 2-lb cans, and $2.50 for 2-lb. Winslow's Corn, $2.75@3 per dozen.

CEMENT—Louisville, $2.50@2.75 per bbl; Rosendale, $2.25; Rosendale, $4.00@4.50; Calhoun's, $4.50; Land Plaster, $3.50@3.75.

DRIED FRUIT—Is reported dull though there is no change to make in quotations. Peaches 10@10½ per quarters; 11@12 for halves.

EGGS—Appear to be weak notwithstanding the stock is by no means large, from which it would seem that there is a falling off in the demand. We now quote at 15@16c—in the early part of the week the market was steady at 16c, and some dealers expected to realize 17 before the close.

FEATHERS—Prime geese feathers are scarce and in demand, with sales to the trade at 74@75—usual advance for small lots.

FLOUR—A continued dull and weak market though as yet there has been no actual decline—it is generally expected that spring wheat flours will rule lower within the next few days. We continue to quote at $5.75@6.50 for fair to good spring extras; $7.25 for choice Minnesota baker's flour; $6.75@7.00 for good red winter wheats; and $7.25@7.50 for white. Rye Flour, for small lots in store, $6.00.

GRAIN—There is a continued fair milling demand for Wheat and about all that offers is taken at quotations. Sales of 1,000 bush No. 2 red at $1.35@1.42 for red and $1.45@1.52 for white. The receipts, although not heavy, seem to be increasing, and the mills have been relying mainly on this market some time past for supplies. Oats, quiet and unchanged, 55@57 by buyg, and 59@60 selling—small lots, in store, 62. Barley is quiet and unchanged at 80@85 for spring and 90@95 for fall—receipts continue light and all that offers is taken at quotations. Some of our brewers and maltsters have been buying pretty largely in Chicago recently. Rye is quiet and cannot fairly be quoted above $1. Corn is quiet and unchanged. 68 for mixed ear; 70 for mixed shelled and 72@73 for prime yellow shelled.

GROCERIES—Advices from the east report that the slight improvement noted in Coffee, during Wednesday and Thursday, particularly in New York, has been lost, and that the market is dull and weak to-day. The comparatively little doing. The New York *Bulletin* reports sugars easier and dull, "though there is no possibility at the moment of buying at any lower rates; holders, almost without exception, still retaining a confident and firm feeling, and are offering their stocks moderately slow, unless former figures are bid." Choice Molasses and standard Syrups are held firmly, though there is only a moderate demand. Foreign Fruits, dull but unchanged, and the same is true of Rice.

COFFEE—Jobbing sales: Prime, 18½; Good, 17½; Fair, 16½; Roasting, 16@16½.

SYRUPS AND DRIPS—White Honey, 72; Havemeyer & Elders, 72; Silver Drips, 60; Lovering, 66; other grades, 40@45c.

SUGARS—Choice New Orleans, 11¾; prime, 10¾; good, 10; fair, 9¾; Crushed to quote, good to choice at 12½@13c, against 10@10½c this day week. The lower grades continue very dull, and to effect sales a very low figures have to be accepted.

BROOM CORN—Is quiet and unchanged; sales at 4@6 cts per lb, according to quality.

BEANS—Dull; $1.50@2.00 per bushel.

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## RIVER NEWS.

The river rose steadily all day Saturday, but was falling yesterday with 6 feet 6 inches in the channel last evening. Weather clear, cool and pleasant.

The Juniata arrived from Wheeling yesterday, where she had been laid up waiting for water.

The Rover departed for St. Louis yesterday morning with seven barges in tow, four of which contained freight and two were loaded with coal.

The Wild Duck departed for St. Louis yesterday afternoon with three barges of freight containing about 1,460 tons. Thos. Kinsey was one of her pilots.

The Brill departed for Nashville yesterday afternoon with a fair trip and enough engaged between here and at Wheeling to fill out, including 3,500 kegs nails. Pilots—John Ferguson and Capt. Cox.

The Arlington, Capt. Dan Moore, is the regular packet for Cincinnati to-day, leaving promptly at 12 o'clock. She will receipt passengers and freight through to Memphis and New Orleans.

The Wagnita, Friendship, Comet and Collier, all from St. Louis with cargoes of iron ore, are due within the next few days.

The Julia No. 2, from Zanesville, is due to-day, and returns as usual to-morrow at 4 P. M.

The Kate Putnam, from Nashville, is due to-morrow. Pilots, Jas. Hamilton and Jos. Shouse.

The Ravenswood *Press* gives the following particulars of the accident on the steamer Wauanita a few days ago at the foot of Buffington Island: The steamer having got aground, was using her "spars," when one of them fell and struck a hand by the name of F. L. Smith on the front side of his head, cutting a gash about six inches long from the front to the back part, also badly mashing his skull. Dr. Hayworth, of the place, dressed the wound, taking therefrom a piece of the skull, clotted blood, and some of the brains. The piece of skull, now in the doctor's possession, is about two inches long and about an inch in width. Mr. Smith had got on the boat at Pomeroy, and has a wife and family living in Warren, Ohio. The Major Anderson took him to Parkersburg on Sunday morning. His recovery is doubtful.

—The Nashville *Banner*, of yesterday, says: The United States local inspectors have given notice that they will enforce the law requiring extra life-boats, floats, cork-jacket life-preservers, etc., to be provided by all boats bearing excursion parties. So, for the present, at least, we are not to have any more of those pleasant excursions by boats. The superintendents of the lines here have determined that they will not mock the requirements of the law, and publish a notice this morning to that effect.

—The Cincinnati *Commercial*, of Saturday, says: Captain Frank Marratta and James Rees, Jr., clerk of the Belle of Texas, arrived here from Galveston, on the steamer Belle of Marratta left for Rochester, Penn'sylvania, the same evening, and Mr. Rees leaves for Pittsburgh to-day. The Belle of Texas is at present in Buffalo Bayou, twelve miles below Houston, Texas. Captain Ransom, of the Nora, is expected here in about two weeks.

—Capt. Milton Fries has contracted with Stuart, at Madison, Ind., for a new boat, which, when completed, will be the finest place of the Market Boy in the Big Sandy trade. She will be 150 feet long and 22 feet wide, and will be provided with two 7-inch cylinders with four feet stroke, and two boilers thirty-eight inches in diameter and eighteen feet long. Stribling & Co. have received the contract for her machinery.

—It is reported, says the Baton Rouge *Journal*, amongst the knowing ones, that the Katie is to make a run, some time in June, against the time made by the R. E. Lee from New Orleans to St. Louis.

—The Wildcat, on her way up the river, broke her wrist and knocked out her cylinder heads, Saturday night, and went into Paducah for repairs. No one was injured by the accident.

—The Alaska, like the Groesbeck, engaged pilots for $300 for the round trip, New Orleans and back—Captain James McCammant and James Canida.

—The Messenger is loading at Cincinnati for Fort Gibson.

—The S. S. Merrill arrived at St. Paul last Monday.

### RIVER PACKETS.

**U. S. MAIL LINE.**

Pittsburgh, Brownsville and Geneva Packet Company.

LEAVES DAILY AT N. A. M., 4.30 P. M.,

FOR ALL POINTS ON THE MONONGAHELA RIVER.

STEAMER ELECTOR...Capt. DOYLE ROTHERMEL.
STEAMER CHEETAIN...Capt. GOFF, PHILLIPS.
STEAMER E. BENNETT...Capt. Z. W. CARNACK.

For further particulars inquire on Wharfboat, foot of Grant street.

No freight will be received after 3 P. M. o'clock.

de23tf A. S. CARLISLE, Agent.

**CUMBERLAND RIVER.**

**FOR LOUISVILLE,**

EVANSVILLE and CUMBERLAND RIVER—The splendid passenger steamer

**ROBT. FULTON,**

Will leave for the above and intermediate ports on THURSDAY, May 4th at 4 P. M.

For freight or passage apply on board, or to

my1 FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, G. H. GHRIST & CO., Agents.

**PORTSMOUTH PACKET.**

**FOR WHEELING, MARIETTA, PARKERSBURG, POMEROY, IRONTON AND PORTSMOUTH.**

Leaves Pittsburgh Every Monday, 4 P. M.

Leaves Portsmouth Every Thursday, 8 A. M.

The new and splendid Passenger Steamer,

**R. W. Skillenger,**

Capt. F. M. FLESHER,

Will leave as announced above.

For freight or passage apply on board, or to

fot FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

**CINCINNATI PACKET.**

**MONDAY PACKET.**

For Cincinnati.

The splendid passenger steamer

**ARLINGTON,**

D. MOORE.....Master.

Leaves MONDAY, May 1st, at 12 o'clock.

For freight or passage apply on board, or to

FLACK, COLLINGWOOD & FAIRMAN.

mh27 Agents.

**CINCINNATI WEEKLY PACKET.**

LEAVES THURSDAY—4 P. M.

The new and splendid Sidewheel Packet

**JUNIATA,**

C. L. BRENNAN.....Commander.

Will leave as announced.

For freight or passage apply on board, or to

de21 JAMES COLLINS, or FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

### PROFESSIONAL.

**H. B. SWOOPE,**

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

And United States District Attorney, will attend to professional business entrusted to him, both in Federal and State Courts.

OFFICE in CUSTOM HOUSE, 2d story. oc20:f20

**ARCHIBALD BLAKELY,**

**Attorney-at-Law,**

No. 116 FIFTH AVENUE, Pittsburgh, Pa.

oc20:87

**H. H. McCORMICK,**

**Attorney-at-Law,**

No. 68 GRANT STREET.

Prompt attention given to all kinds of legal business. ja2:f16

**B. F. KENNEDY,**

**Attorney-at-Law,**

No. 116 FIFTH AVENUE, 2d floor, Room No. 2.

Prompt attention given to all legal business. de7:f90

**Samuel McMasters,**

ALDERMAN. EX-OFFICIO JUSTICE OF THE PEACE and POLICE MAGISTRATE.

Office, No. 100 GRANT STREET, opposite St Paul's Cathedral. oc6:45

**JAS. W. MURRAY**

**Attorney at Law,**

NO. 89 FIFTH AVENUE,

Ja24:87 Pittsburgh.

### STEAMSHIPS.

**NATIONAL LINE,**

BETWEEN

**New York, Queenstown and Liverpool,**

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| Spain, | France, | Helvetia, |
| Egypt, | Denmark, | Erin, |
| Italy, | England, | Virginia, |
| Holland, | The Queen, | Pennsylvania, |

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EVERY SATURDAY from New York,
WEDNESDAY from Liverpool,
THURSDAY from Queenstown.

Cabin passage $75 and $65, currency. Excursion Tickets $130, currency.

Steerage passage from New York to Liverpool, Queenstown, Glasgow or Derry, $28 currency. Steerage passage from the above places to New York, $32 currency.

Passengers booked to and from Hamburg, Havre Antwerp, Gothenburg, Christiania, Copenhagen &c., at very low rates.

TO LONDON DIRECT, $75, $65 and $28 currency. For further particulars, apply at the Company's office, 69 BROADWAY, N. Y., or to

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C. D. ARNSTHAL.....to C. D. ARNSTHAL

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***Tobacco Agency,***

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Fine Cut Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos,

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15 heavy KENTUCKY DRAFT MULES.
15 ROAN and ENTIRY PIT MULES.
5 heavy DRAFT HORSES.
5 Light DRIVING HORSES.

For sale by

B. SMITH,
Corry street, Allegheny city.

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**BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE.**—This splendid Hair Dye is the best in the world, the only true and perfect Dye. Harmless, —Reliable—Instantaneous.—No disappointment—No ridiculous tints—*"Does not contain Lead nor any Vitiolic Poison to injure the Hair,"* Agassiz." Invigorates the Hair and leaves it soft and beautiful; Black or Brown. Sold by all Druggists and dealers. Applied at the Factory, No. 16 Bond street, N. Y. sn1:a52

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**THE CONFESSIONS OF AN INVALID.**—Published as a warning and for the benefit of young men and others, who do or have suffered, who suffer from Nervous Debility, Loss of Manhood, &c., pointing out the MEANS OF SELF-CURE. Written by one who cured himself, and sent free on receiving a post-paid directed envelope. Address

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Brooklyn, N. Y.

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**THE BRIDAL CHAMBER**—ESSAYS FOR YOUNG MEN, on great SOCIAL EVILS and ABUSES, which interfere with sure means of happy Marriage, the cause, remedy, curable, diseased and debilitated. Sent free of charge in sealed envelope. Address, HOWARD ASSOCIATION, No. 2 S. Ninth street, Philadelphia, Pa. ja16:35-d&T

**AVOID QUACKS.**—A Victim of early indiscretion, caused nervous debility, premature decay, &c., having tried in vain every advertised remedy, has a simple means of self-cure, which he will send free to his fellow-sufferers. Address J. H. TUTTLE, 78 Nassau street, New York. de22-MWF

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**Burke & Wood,**

Brokers in Petroleum, Cooperage, &c.,

Perry's Building, Duquesne Way.

Philadelphia Office: C. C. BURKE, 101 Walnut street. no7:x23

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BROKER AND DEALER IN

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OFFICE: SILL'S BLOCK, DUQUESNE WAY.

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**M. EDWARDS,**

Dealer in Petroleum,

INSPECTOR OF CRUDE OILS.

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J. S. BATES. J. S. GOLDSBOROUGH,
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**BATES & GOLDSBOROUGH,**

BROKERS AND SHIPPERS OF PETROLEUM

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COMMISSION MERCHANTS IN

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Shipments of Crude and Refined Oil solicited. Advances made on consignments. sp18:n30

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LUBRICATING, CARBON & HEAD LIGHT OILS,

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**W. H. HOWARD & CO.,**

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SPECIALTY,

**Lubricating Oils,**

Manufactured by Superheated Steam in Vacuo, under Dr. Tweddle's Patent.

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Works at Aladdin, Armstrong Co., Pa.

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**CO-PARTNERSHIP.**

WAGNER, LEECH & CO., Pittsburgh.
McHENRY, LEECH & CO., Philadelphia.

PITTSBURGH, January 2, 1871.

We have this day formed a Copartnership as Brokers and Commission Merchants in Petroleum and its products. Warehouse, Delaware River Philadelphia.

H. McHENRY, Sr., Philadelphia.
RICHARD T. LEECH, Pittsburgh.
Ja16:130 I. WAGNER, Pittsburgh.

### CARRIAGES.

ESTABLISHED 1833.

**JOSEPH BECKHAUS,**

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Manufacturer of FIRST CLASS CARRIAGES Exclusively First-Class

**CARRIAGES,**

NEWEST STYLES.

Carreys, Landaus, Landaulets, Coupe Coaches, Shifting qr. Coaches Coupes, Baroouches, Phaetons, Rockaways Hearses, &c., suitable for private family and public use. Workmanship and finish second to none in the country.

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Pleasure Carriages of the manufacture of

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CARRIAGES AND LIGHT ROAD WAGONS.

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Stockholders Individually Liable.

BANK OF DISCOUNT AND DEPOSIT.

JOHN FLOYD, President. WM. FLOYD, Cashier.

DIRECTORS:

| | |
|---|---|
| Thos. M. Marshall, | John M. Maitland, |
| Wm. T. Shannon, | Archibald Wallace, |
| James W. Arrott | Jas. D. Kelly, |
| Chas. B. Leech, | Wm. Floyd. |
| John Floyd, | |

Collections made on all points in the United States and Canada. Prompt attention paid to correspondents.

**KEYSTONE BANK,**

No. 293 Liberty Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

CAPITAL.....$150,000.

STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE.

BANK OF DISCOUNT AND DEPOSIT.

ROBERT DICKEY, President. H. C. BUHMAN, Cashier.

Board Meets daily at 9½ A. M.

DIRECTORS:

| | |
|---|---|
| Robert Dickey, | William McKee, |
| Robert P. Duff, | Andrew Lyons, |
| William Hastings, | Richard S. Waring, |
| | A. J. Logan. |

Interest allowed on Time Deposits.

Collections made on all points in the United States and Canadas.

Prompt attention paid to correspondents.

ja19:91-MWF

**Tradesmen's Nat'l Bank,**

WOOD STREET, Cor. Second Ave.

AGENT OF THE UNITED STATES FOR

**FUNDED LOAN**

OF 1880, 1885 AND 1900.

Subscription Books now open.

mh15-d&T

A. BRADLEY, President,
CYRUS CLARKE, Jr., Cashier.

**Franklin Savings Bank,**

No. 43 OHIO STREET, Allegheny,

CAPITAL.....$100,000.

Stockholders individually liable.

Interest paid on time deposits.

DIRECTORS:

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| GEO. R. RIDDLE, | J. W. HALL, |
| D. M. WAGNER, | CHAS. SCHLIEPER, |
| WM. MURDOCK, | M. BURGOYNE, |
| | SIMON DRUM. |

GEO. R. RIDDLE, President.

JAS. H. RIDDLE, Cashier. ap15:x39

***Max Schamberg,***

No. 167 SMITHFIELD STREET,

(Sixth and Seventh avenue,)

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Foreign Exchange and Passage.

Bonds, Stocks, Gold, Silver, &c., bought and sold on Commission.

Postal Money Orders on Europe issued under guarantee of The North German Post Department.

Foreign Money bought and sold.

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Passage Agency of all first-class English and German Lines. no6:x38

**ALLEGHENY NATIONAL BANK,**

Of Pittsburgh.

No. 33 FIFTH AVENUE.

Capital Stock.....$500,000.

J. W. COOK, President,
R. W. MACKEY, Cashier,
W. McCANDLESS, Asst. Cashier.

**Allegheny Savings Bank,**

ALLEGHENY, PA.

ORGANIZED IN 1845.

STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE.

Deposits received and interest allowed on time deposits. Particular attention given to Collections, and Exchange promptly remitted.

Discount days, MONDAY and THURSDAY.

DIRECTORS:

| | |
|---|---|
| James L. Graham, | John Benn, |
| A. Moore, | G. Wettach, |
| D. Dalfaren, | Andrew Bayley. |

S. H. Gever.

JAMES L. GRAHAM, President.

JOHN W. RIDDLE, Cashier. ja16:n40

**COMMERCIAL BANKING COMPANY,**

No. 92 Fourth Ave., Pittsburgh.

CAPITAL.....$200,000

Stockholders Individually Liable.

W. H. EVERSON, President. W. C. MACRUM, Cashier.

DIRECTORS:

| | |
|---|---|
| ALEXANDER BAXTER, | LINDSAY, |
| A. H. ENGLISH, | D. S. MACRUM, |
| J. D. LEECH, | JOHN PHILLIPS |
| W. O. HUGHART, | R. F. WILSON, |
| | JACOB H. SCHNEIDER. |

Collections made on all accessible points of the United States and Canadas.

INTEREST allowed on TIME DEPOSITS.

Prompt attention given to all business of correspondents.

**CITY BANK,**

112 FIFTH AVENUE.

PITTSBURGH, PA.

CAPITAL.....$100,000

STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE.

INTEREST PAID ON DEPOS

# HOME NEWS.

**Monthly Pay Roll.**—The police pay roll for the month of April amounts to $8,783.78.

**Major Denniston**, County Treasurer, will commence receiving taxes to-day at the Court House.

**Prof. J. W. Keever** will deliver a lecture on Temperance on this (Monday) evening at 7½ o'clock, in the Second Methodist Church, Wylie street.

**A number** of the manufacturing establishments of the city will be closed to-day in order that their hands may participate in the German Peace Jubilee and O'Donovan-Rossa Reception.

**Wm. H. McGee Guards.**—Company C, Irish battalion, will meet at their armory, Ashland Hall, Wylie street, at three o'clock this afternoon to take part in the O'Donovan-Rossa reception. A full turn out is expected.

**Struck by Lightning.**—On Thursday evening last a large barn belonging to Mr. William Carlisle, situated on the Chartiers Valley Railroad, was struck by lightning, and with its contents, destroyed. Loss about $2,500.

**Two Headed Child.**—All should bear in mind that to-day is the last opportunity that will be afforded to witness this marvelous curiosity. We have no doubt the Museum will be crowded, and Maj. Burnell informs us that extra performances will be given during the day and evening.

**Correction.**—In some way our reporter got Thomas McQuaid, of Monongahela borough, transposed to one of the applicants for license having only one bed, and therefore denied license. This was a mistake. Mr. McQuaid is abundantly supplied with beds in excess of the legal requirement, and has not been refused a license, his application not having yet been considered.

**Lawrence Quitter** made an information before Deputy Mayor Nicholson, and Anthony Hoppy with disorderly conduct. The prosecutor, who is a saloon keeper on Forty-second street, alleges that accused came into his house drunk, threw the furniture about and used insulting language to the female inmates of the house. Murphy was arrested and on paying the usual fine with costs, was discharged.

**"The Fourth Generation Rises Up to Call Us Blessed!"**—Mr. Charles O. Scull, an interesting and promising young gentleman, engaged in the office of the Pittsburgh Railroad Company, a great-grandson of John Scull, the founder and first editor of the GAZETTE, enrolled himself on Saturday morning as a citizen May he and the GAZETTE live until his great-grand children shall dutifully in like manner read and contribute to the perpetuation. Blessings are vouchsafed to many generations of the well doing!

**Affray.**

Saturday night about eleven o'clock a disturbance arose in a house on Second avenue in which a number of persons were seriously injured. A man named Williams and another named Hosea were brought to the office of Dr. J. W. Hulshizer, Grant street, where their wounds were dressed. Williams was cut in several places, whilst Hosea was severely bruised about the head. Both may recover, however.

**Thanks.**

At a meeting of the members of the Great Western Band, held at their rooms on Saturday evening, the following vote of thanks was unanimously adopted:

*Resolved*, That we tender our most sincere and heartiest thanks to Major David Campbell and officers of the Second regiment of Duquesne Grey's Batallion for their generous attendance, liberal assistance and hearty cooperation on the occasion of our recent ball and reception, enabling us to realize a handsome sum, and at the same time adding by their presence to the pleasure, enjoyment and success of the affair.

**The Minnie Harris.**

We accepted the invitation of some of the oil dealers on Saturday, and joined their party in an excursion up the Monongahela, in this beautiful little steam propellor. The Minnie Harris was built at Erie, Penna., and was brought here by her owner, Capt. McDonald, who intends hiring her to pleasure parties during the summer. She is a neat little craft, forty feet long and twelve wide, fitted up with seats for fifty persons, and standing room for twenty or thirty more. She has a six horse power engine, and makes good time. The party on Saturday went up the river about nine miles to the residence of Wm. H. Brown, Esq., and altogether had a right jolly time. We can recommend the Minnie Harris to fishing and pleasure parties.

**A Splendid Work.**

We had the pleasure of a visit on Saturday from Dr. Kempson of New York and Morris Frank, Esq., of Philadelphia, the former one of the managers and the latter general agent of the Industrial Publication Society of New York. These gentlemen are here to advance the interests of that most valuable of illustrated journals devoted to the industrial arts, the *Technologist*, this is one of the best and most instructive journals published in the country, aiming to be a trustworthy exponent of the material development of the age, and particularly of American discoveries and improvements. It is exceedingly neat in appearance, and presents sixteen pages of original and selected matter, being devoted to engineering manufacturing and building. It is published monthly, and each number contains mechanical drawings, illustrating the latest and best possible workmanship. Such a publication should be liberally patronized in this great mart of industry.

**Resolutions of Respect.**

At the regular meeting of St. Paul's Conference of St. Vincent de Paul's Society, held Sunday, April 30, 1871, the following resolution was unanimously adopted:

*Resolved*, That the sweetest thing in life is love for God; so in obedience to that love and in memory of the dead. We, therefore do fully attest to the worth of our departed brother, James McCabe, and extend our sympathise with his bereaved children in the loss they have sustained in his demise, but our loss is surely his gain, for he has gone to receive that reward so surely promised to the faithful servant who has been faithful over a few things in this life. "For I was hungry, and you gave me to eat; thirsty, and you gave me to drink; naked, and you clothed me; sick and in prison and you visited me."

Resolved, That we tender our sympathy and protection to the widow faithful to perform all the duties of charity, which he imposed upon her husband, always trusting in confidence which God placed at his disposal. He has gone from amongst us and left but few to fill his place. May God receive him into his mansion of eternal bliss.

EUGENE J. SMITH, President.
THOS. DEER, Secretary *pro tem.*

**Before Alderman Strain.**

Margaret Doyle made oath before Alderman Strain on Saturday, charging Thomas and Mary Ford, husband and wife, with disorderly conduct. The parties are all residents of Harrisonville, and the complainant alleges that the accused entered her dwelling and kicked up a general row. A warrant has been issued for their apprehension.

Julia Barbero complained to the same magistrate that her husband, Samuel Barbero, with whom she does not live, on Sunday night, came to her house and indulged in vile and abusive language. A warrant for Samuel's arrest has been issued.

Winnie O'Connell and Mrs. Keating are tenants in common of the same house at the point. Mrs. Keating occupies the lower and Winnie the upper floor. She of the upper floor has a child about five years of age, whom she alleges that Mrs. Keating struck in the face and bumped her head against the coal shed. The accused was arrested and brought before Alderman Strain, who held her for a hearing.

Elizabeth Hunter, s boarding-house keeper on Sandusky street, appeared before Alderman Strain and entered a charge of false pretenses against Charles Martin. She alleges that the accused obtained board from her to the amount of $11 by representations which on investigation proved to be false.

## CORONER'S INQUEST.

**A Drinking Woman Dies from an Overdose of Laudanum.**

An inquest was held by Coroner West yesterday afternoon on the body of Mrs. Jane Duncan, which was found dead in her spring house in North Versailles township, yesterday morning. It appears that Mrs. Duncan had been drinking for some days past, and about three o'clock in the morning left the house and did not return. Yesterday morning a member of her family went into the spring house and discovered her body lying on the floor with two empty laudanum phials beside it. Dr. William Hunter held a *post mortem* examination on the body, and gave it his opinion that death had resulted from an overdose of laudanum. A verdict in accordance therewith was rendered by the jury.

The deceased was forty-six years of age, and leaves a husband and seven children.

## SCALDED TO DEATH.

**A Man Falls into a Dye Vat and Dies from his Injuries.**

On Friday afternoon a man named Henry McNight, employed at the cotton works of Messrs. E. Hyde & Bro., fell into a vat of boiling dye stuff and received injuries from which he afterwards died. It appears that he was engaged about the vat and by some means lost his footing, fell in and was submerged to his neck in the scalding liquid. Although but absent a few minutes from his fellow workmen, attracted by his agonizing screams, rescued him it was too late to save the life of the unfortunate man. Dr. James Herron was at once summoned and did all in his power to alleviate his sufferings. Mr. McNight was taken to his residence on McClure's alley, off Beaver street, where he died on Saturday morning. The deceased leaves a wife and family, but in what circumstances we were unable to learn.

## WEST LIBERTY.

**Literary Entertainment.**

On last Friday evening a literary entertainment was given in the school hall at West Liberty under the management of Mr. Wm. S. Linsey.

Long before the hour had arrived for the opening, the house was crowded to its utmost capacity and many were turned away, being unable to obtain even standing room.

The most of the pupils had performed the night before and with the exception of part of the programme was rehearsed by request. All acquitted themselves creditably. "The Schoolmaster Abroad" and "Mother, Home and Heaven" especially applauded and *encored*.

Prof. W. S. McFadden, of Washington, Pa., an elocutionist of much merits, recited some choice selections, which highly delighted the audience.

Messrs. Algeo and Neels, of Pittsburgh, read a few well-selected pieces.

Messrs. Patterson, McDonald and Bullock, of South Pittsburgh, played "Fly," in particular, very loudly applauded and *encored*.

"Crushed Genius, or You Know How It Is," was ably put on by Messrs. Phillips and Graham, of Mount Washington, a part of an amateur troupe which has, of late, attracted a good deal of attention in the city and suburban towns.

Rev. E. R. Jones had charge of the musical department. Miss Ora Neeld presided at the organ. She was ably assisted by the Misses Gray, Lonergan, Algeo and Oyer.

The teacher announced his resignation, and took his farewell of the school. A vote of thanks was given him. Mrs. Sue Cook, of Allegheny city will succeed him as principal.

## THE WHISKEY GUILLOTINE.

The attendance at the License Court on Saturday morning was as large as at any previous session, and the many anxious faces gave evidence of the interest felt by the spectators.

The following applicants were announced as having been

GRANTED LICENSES.

James Miller, Birmingham; Jno. Cronie, Tweith ward, Pittsburgh; Jerry Coughlin, Fifth ward, Pittsburgh; Fred. Schmidt, Second ward, Pittsburgh; Henry Baker, East Birmingham; M. Connor, Fleming township; Frederick Lang, Third ward Allegheny; Henry Uhrich, Birmingham; Adolph Lisbie, South Pittsburgh; George Bridge, South Pittsburgh; Harry Shirls, Second ward, Pittsburgh; Elizabeth Ulrich, East Birmingham; Catharine Jones, Second ward, Pittsburgh; Daniel Dugan, Twelfth ward, Pittsburgh; John Burke, Third ward, Pittsburgh; Nicholas Leech, Nineteenth ward, Pittsburgh; C. Weigand, Fifteenth ward, Pittsburgh; T. Murray, Second ward, Pittsburgh; D. Herbert, Fifth ward, Pittsburgh; Franz Fisher, Birmingham; George F. Hochschwender, Second ward, Pittsburgh; John N. Shaffer, Birmingham; Rachel Rappler, Monongahela borough; Adam Oswald, Mount Washington; B. Rauch, South Pittsburgh; John Westine, Birmingham; Adam Wagner, West Pittsburgh; Nicholas Steiner, St. Clair borough; Samuel Hare, Fourth ward, Pittsburgh; Quinn & Shoemaker, Fifth ward, Pittsburgh; Mary Widder, Fifteenth ward, Pittsburgh; James McCaffrey, Sixteenth ward, Pittsburgh; — O'Neill, Fifth ward, Pittsburgh; Ann Sullivan, Twelfth ward, Pittsburgh.

The annexed list contains the names of those parties who were unable to overcome the objections of the Temperance men or the Scruples of the Board and were therefore

REFUSED.

Charles Harbaugh, First ward Pittsburgh; George Nau, Birmingham; Ludwig Schmidt, Birmingham; Adam Movy, Birmingham; Jacob Eisle, Birmingham; Daniel Scheeck, Birmingham; M. Bernhart, Kirkpatrick's Borough; C. Baker, McKeesport; M. Slater, McKeesport, jno. Frederick, Ormsby Borough; F. Hodgers, Ormsby Borough; Fred. Colwes, South Pittsburgh; Elizabeth Lloyd, East Birmingham.

No special interest was manifested in the morning's proceedings, each applicant having (of course) all necessary accommodations for both man and beast. The proceedings were commenced promptly on time and ended. No one has less than four beds and eight rooms; remonstrances are plentiful, good character for honesty and sobriety always proved; no one sells liquor to minors, inebriates, or on Sunday. In fact we cannot see how the Commissioners (if they believe the saving testimony of the petitioners) can refuse any of the applicants.

The following cases were heard Saturday morning and held over for advisement:

PITTSBURGH.

S. McCrickert & Co., Fourth ward; McCullough & Kunkle, Fourth ward; M. McCullough, Fourth ward; Rodelheim & Affolder, First ward; Kerr & Devlin, Fourth ward; A. Guckenheimer, First ward; F. D. Ganey & Co., Sixth ward; John B. Faber, Fifteenth ward; B. H. Lubber, Seventh ward; Schmidt & Friday, Fourth ward; L. Berkwitz, Sixth ward; Peter Gelscheimer, Ninth ward; F. Kaisser, Sixth ward; speck & Morrow, Second ward; F. X. Haffe & Son, Ninth ward; James Getz, Ninth ward; W. D. Boles, First ward.

ALLEGHENY.

Nicholas Krers, Third ward; James Hays, Second ward; George Lang, Second ward; James McDonald, Second ward; Adam Heyl, Second ward; Caspar Lauer, Third ward; A. Brigel, Third ward; James Campbell, Second ward; J. Beyer, Third ward; John Dehl, Third ward; E. Hess, Third ward; J. Podany, Third ward; H. Herdt, Third ward; Wm. Wessel, Fourth ward; Nicholas Kelley, Third ward; A. Gilg, Fifth ward; J. Sigmond, Third ward; J. Hespenheid, Fourth ward; George Gaeher, Fourth ward; Ana Frantz, Fourth ward; Isaac Stern, Third ward; Wm. Sedden, Fourth ward; Jos. Robb, Third ward; J. J. Haley, Fifth ward; A. Smith, Second ward; Jacob Roseneray, Third ward; F. Schlater, Fourth ward.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

At the opening of the court this afternoon the following licenses were

GRANTED.

James Garesche Mullin, Birmingham; Michael Leech, Nineteenth ward; R. E. Murdock, Twenty-first ward; Peter Schmidt, East Birmingham; John Frauenholtz, Sixteenth ward; Wm. Kock, Fifth ward; Wm. Ruckeisen, Fourth ward; Gottleib Maeg, Fourth ward; Martin Joyce, First ward; August Brockman, Second ward; Philip Wagner, Sixth ward, Allegheny; T. Anthony Shields, Ninth ward, Pittsburgh; Felix Harley, Ninth ward.

THE BALL COMMENCES.

Jacob Eckert of McClure and will doubtless occupy a like position on the "granted" list.

R. E. Murdock, Twenty-first ward, Pittsburgh, John Kelly, Seventeenth ward, Pittsburgh, Peter Auberger, Sixth ward, Allegheny and John Pritting, Fourth ward, Allegheny, all had the little four rooms and eight beds for the exclusive use of strangers and travelers and will probably be permitted to fill them with these migratory individuals.

Hannah Donnelson, Seventeenth ward, Pittsburgh, Wm. Bauman of Allentown borough and Geo. W. Colwell, First ward, Pittsburgh, will need to start a "Mutual Condolence" society.

Louis Kauffman, Fourth ward, Allegheny, Henry Stein, Fourth ward, Allegheny, and Wm. B. Kerr of Pleasant Hills, have their license held over.

John P. Wheeler, Fourth ward, Allegheny was the victim of a defective petition.

John Bender of same ward will be permitted to keep an eating house.

Louis Hilk, Ninth ward, Allegheny, testified to the honesty and sobriety of Attorney Watson and thus secured his claims.

George Wagner, Second ward, Pittsburgh, had been licensed for 40 years. The Board should not fail to favor one who has been so long in the business.

Frederick Fritsch, Fifth ward, Allegheny, presented a favorable case with a fair prospect of success.

Edward Sweeney, Ninth ward, Allegheny, had 16 beds, but kept boarders—that's bad! May get through, however.

G. C. Lightcap, of Girard House, Allegheny, will doubtless stay there until next April.

Catharine Kaufman, Fourth ward, Allegheny, will be most naturalized, and as Mr. Negley claims that no one but citizens can be licensed, the question will have to be decided by the Court. Mrs. K. should have visited Steve McCandless before venturing to face the Commissioners.

G. F. Chalfant, Second ward, Pittsburgh, has a fair prospect.

Market Rush of "Rush House" will have no difficulty in getting through.

Mrs. Beltzhoover, of St. Clair, has kept the same house for 15 years or more and looks young enough to carry it on for an indefinite time. The Board will look favorably upon her case.

Conrad Kunzle, of Sixth ward, Allegheny, had a remonstrance against him but may get through.

Michael Glitrz, of Sixth ward, Allegheny. Judge Mellon's defective petition, and Attorney Moore retired. Glitrz, *ditto*.

John McCarthy, of Fifteenth ward, had signers, boarders, travelers, beds and rooms in profusion and will be happy.

Philip Wagner, of Grant House, Allegheny, was equally fortunate.

Levi Wood, of Fourth ward, Pittsburgh, should have confined his business to wholesaling. He will doubtless be refused.

John Hamilton, of Sixth ward, Allegheny, will most likely succeed.

Geo. Frolish, of Sixth ward, Allegheny, will have some trouble. Negley claims that he has signed petitions in names that drunken men had come out of his house, and besides filed a remonstrance.

Patrick Carey, of Sixth ward, Allegheny, had a scarcity of beds. Go foot, t'at.

James Patton, Ninth Ward, Allegheny.

Mr. Negley moved that the applicant be appointed to distribute cards containing a church directory at the hotels on the Sabbath. After a free discussion of it by Milner, Lavely, Keeler and others, the following were appointed: Jas. Orr, Hosea Stouffer, H. Shultz and Frank Robinson.

On behalf of the Temperance Committee, Mr. Gillespie called on Mr. Porter for a supplementary report.

Mr. Porter said: It is proper to state the relation in which the Y. M. C. A. stand to the present temperance movement. The Temperance Committee, after consulting with some friends of the Association and of the cause, called a number of citizens to act in the matter of licenses. This meeting effected a regular organization, employed counsel, and are now carrying on the work. Several of these names have been prominent in these proceedings we are glad to number on our membership list. But no one dollar of the Association's money has been used for this purpose. Nor has the matter ever come before our Board of Directors for action in any shape. We gladly assert our entire sympathy with the movement, but disclaim responsibility for its conduct. We recognize the important position filled by the Board of Commissioners, and feel that these three gentlemen, more than any others in the whole county, hold in their hands the weal or woe of the community. In every endeavor they make to promote its welfare, they should have the expressed sympathy of this entire community.

The following committee to select delegates to represent the Association at the International Convention at Washington was appointed: Messrs. Dening, Keeler, Bele, McFadden and Orr.

After a full interchange of opinion on various phases of the Association work.

An announcement was made that Hon. Neal Dow of Maine, would deliver a lecture on temperance in the Association rooms on Saturday evening that. Tickets for the hall could be had free on application at the rooms.

The meeting closed with singing "I need the prayers of Jesus" and prayer and benediction by Rev. Boyle.

**Messrs. B. C. & J. H. Sawyer.**

For the the past twelve months I have used almost exclusively, your "Barbers' Soap," and I cheerfully bear my witness to its superiority. It is far more pleasant than the highly scented French soaps, or the imitations that are so commonly used, and is much more durable and economical, either for shaving or for use in the bath. I am certain it only needs a fair trial to commend it to very general favor; besides being a home manufacture, it is a superior article that justly merits commendation.

JOHN SCARBOROUGH, Rector of Trinity Church, Pittsburgh.

**The Home Shuttle** is capable of performing the widest range of work, from the finest gauze to many thicknesses of cloths, with ease, rapidity, accuracy and the fullest satisfaction to the operator.

JOSEPH LEFEVRE, Agent.
No. 2 Sixth (late St. Clair) street.

## LOCAL BREVITIES.

JUBILEE.

HANG out your flags to-day.

BOCK BEER will flow freely to-day.

WHITE is *the* paint for our smoky city.

TIME'S UP for making income returns.

TURTLE SOUP is the rage at restaurants.

GOV. GEARY will be here on Decoration day.

THE Fifth avenue arch of peace is fine and beautiful.

PASSENGER RAILWAYS did a large business yesterday.

DR. OLDSHUE'S practice is one of the largest in the city.

THE May term of U. S. District Court commences to-day.

LIGHTNING rods are suggested for the Soldiers' monument.

HON. R. W. MACKEY takes possession of the State finances to-day.

W. C. SMYTHE, ESQ., of the *Dispatch*, is in the field for the Legislature.

SIX thousand persons are expected to be in line of procession to-day.

BY a recent decision of Judge Sterrett all licenses expired on Saturday.

FRIENDSHIP GROVE will show our people an unusual scene of festivity to-day.

THE Inclined Railway draws large crowds up the hill these pleasant Sundays.

O'DONOVAN ROSSA, the great Irish patriot, will be banquetted by our citizens.

WE like the politicians visit Friendship Grove to-day? Oh, no, they won't intrude.

MANAGER HESS, of the English Opera Troupe, arrived in the city yesterday.

THE lady petitioners for licenses will be heard the first thing Monday morning.

MR. PATTERSON'S untimely death caused much genuine sorrow in the city yesterday.

THE Great Western Band realized nearly one thousand dollars clear on their late ball.

THE Heath Zouaves are as finely drilled in military tactics as any company in the State.

R. H. BROWN, agent of the Pennsylvania Central at Cresson, is stopping at the St. Charles.

A MEETING of the Stockholders of the East End Gas Co., will be held to-day at No. 197 Smithfield street.

THE Stockholders of the Female College will dwell in unity to-day, at the College, 10 o'clock, the hour.

FORTY-FIVE building permits were issued during the month of April. An increase over the same month last year.

MR. HENRY MELLON who was burned to death on Friday night, was buried yesterday. The funeral was very large.

JOHN C. MCCARTHY, ESQ., will make the reception speech to O'Donovan-Rossa at the St. Charles Hotel this evening.

S. M. WOODSIDE, of Altoona, Pa., was on motion of H. Bucher Swoope, admitted to practice in the U. S. District Court.

NICK YOUNG, will dispense a cask of Catawba Wine gratuitously to his friends at the Peace Jubilee at Friendship Grove to-day.

THOSE interested in the South Side Gas Co., will meet to-day to elect Directors, at the Banking House of Robinson Bro's, 4th avenue.

THE MONONGAHELA WHARF COMMITTEE will meet this (Monday) afternoon, at three o'clock, at Cadt. Cooper's room, City Building.

MANAGER SEAMER closed the Fifth avenue Opera House on Saturday night. It will re-open this night week with a brilliant array of stars.

MR. KELLY, one of the city fathers of Oil City, is in the city on official business. Mayor Brush is showing him how to run the Police Court.

JOSIAH COHEN, ESQ., will be one of the most prominent candidates for the Senatorial nomination before the approaching Republican Convention.

A SAND BOAT containing three men was upset in the Allegheny river on Saturday afternoon. The men sustained no further injury than a thorough wetting.

THE new and elegant stores of Mr. William Semple were visited on Saturday by thousands of patrons, and its successful inauguration to the purposes of the trade was auspicious.

THE many friends of his Honor, Judge McCandless, who has been confined to his house by illness for several weeks past, will be glad to learn he is again convalescent, and will hold Court to-day.

THOSE cities who were unsuccessful in obtaining licenses at the present term of the license court will be compelled to close their establishments to-day, as their privileges for selling liquor expire on Saturday.

O'DONOVAN ROSSA will be met at the East Liberty station at eleven o'clock this morning by a special committee and taken thence to the German Peace Jubilee at Friendship Grove, where he will spend the day.

THE Irish patriot, O'Donovan-Rossa will arrive at the Union Depot, at 5 o'clock this evening, where he will be met by Companies B, and C, of the Irish batallion, and a number of Irish societies, and escorted to the St. Charles Hotel.

CHIEF HAGUE has organized a secret police force consisting of six of his best men, to return all saloon keepers found selling liquor whose license expired last Saturday. He expects to replenish the City Treasury several hundred dollars.

ONE of our repertorial friends made a nice sum by purchasing the type of *The Paper—* William had better go into the broker business. The material is certainly there, the address and fine figure will eminently fit him for the vocation we recommend.

YESTERDAY, the houses adjoining each other on Diamond street, were hung in mourning—Kirkpatrick & Meilon's, on account of the burning to death of Mr. Henry Mellon, and T. M. Marshall's and Kerr & Patterson's, on account of the accidental death of R. D. Patterson, Esq.

CHIEF MCILWAINE had a little episode in opening the liquor court Saturday morning. Some anxious individual wanted to go in ahead of the regular officers, and the jam in the crowd pass him so far out that he will probably come up at the foot of the list. Better let the constables see.

MR. GRANVILLE WOODSON, our accomplished fellow citizen, will to-day act as United States Grand Juror, an honor we believe for the first time in the history of our country, to a colored man. We wish every white man summoned to discharge such a duty could bring with him such a jury room as this much solid good sense, sound judgment and wise discretion.

A NUMBER of the most prominent members of the Bar presented the Commissioners each with a pipe on Saturday, having engraved on the bowls figures supposed to be a faithful likeness of the recipient. In addition three long stemmed pipes (with a five cent paper of tobacco) were added to the first mentioned munificent gifts, as pipes of peace, as token of an armistice agreed upon between the representatives of the Y. M. C. A. and applicants for license. The irrepressible member from the Fifth ward made the presentation in eloquent style.

## Y. M. C. A.

**Regular Monthly Meeting.**

The regular monthly meeting of the Young Men's Christian Association was held at their rooms on Saturday evening. The music was furnished by the choir of the Third Presbyterian Church, under the leadership of Mr. Digby, consisting of Misses Delhm and Scott, and Messrs. Edwards and Colvill, Prof. Rohboch presiding at the organ.

The opening anthem:

"Thou who heareth prayer,"

was admirably rendered.

After which the President opened the meeting by reading Rev. 3d chap., 15th ver. and was followed by Mr. Graves, of Lockport, leading in prayer.

The choir then sang—"Rock of Ages."

Thos. D. Logan, Secretary, read the minutes of the last meeting, and W. M. Jennings reported the action of the Board.

The following Committees made brief and interesting reports. On Saturday night meeting by Mr. Milnor; membership, Mr. Moore; evening reception, Lincoln.

The choir then sang a beautiful piece called "My God permit me not to be a man." The report of Committee was then continued on association, Logan; Monday prayer meeting, Robert Orr, Sabbath afternoon meeting, Robert Grave gave an interesting report of the convention at Burgettstown Friday, in which the association was represented by seven delegates. Rev. J. H. W. Stuckenburg reported for the Library committee, that the books had been arranged, catalogued and numbered, and now contained over eleven hundred volumes. He hoped soon to have $1,000 placed at the disposal of the committee that the library might be thrown open to a large number of young men who would appreciate the privilege of reading the good books thus placed within their reach.

The cottage prayer meetings were then reported for Kilbuck street, Logan; Widows Home, Stockton; Fourth ward, Allegheny, Small man & Orr; Sandusky street, Moore.

The hymn, "Awake, my soul, in joyful lays," was sung.

The Sabbath School at the Young Men's Home was spoken of by Jno. A. Kurtz, and the Sunday afternoon meetings at the Homeopathic Hospital by Orr.

The following list of members were elected: Rev. A. J. Rowland a life member, and twenty-four sustaining, six active and one associate member. Quite a number of names were handed in in addition during the meeting.

Mr. Milnor moved that a committee be appointed to distribute cards containing a church directory at the hotels on the Sabbath. After a free discussion of it by Milner, Lavely, Keeler and others, the following were appointed: Jas. Orr, Hosea Stouffer, H. Shultz and Frank Robinson.

On behalf of the Temperance Committee, Mr. Gillespie called on Mr. Porter for a supplementary report.

Mr. Porter said: It is proper to state the relation in which the Y. M. C. A. stand to the present temperance movement. The Temperance Committee, after consulting with some friends of the Association and of the cause, called a number of citizens to act in the matter of licenses. This meeting effected a regular organization, employed counsel, and are now carrying on the work. Several of these names have been prominent in these proceedings we are glad to number on our membership list. But not one dollar of the Association's money has been used for this purpose. Nor has the matter ever come before our Board of Directors for action in any shape. We gladly assert our entire sympathy with the movement, but disclaim responsibility for its conduct. We recognize the important position filled by the Board of Commissioners, and feel that these three gentlemen, more than any others in the whole county, hold in their hands the weal or woe of the community. In every endeavor they make to promote its welfare, they should have the expressed sympathy of this entire community.

The following committee to select delegates to represent the Association at the International Convention at Washington was appointed: Messrs. Dening, Keeler, Bele, McFadden and Orr.

After a full interchange of opinion on various phases of the Association work.

An announcement was made that Hon. Neal Dow of Maine, would deliver a lecture on temperance in the Association rooms on Saturday evening that. Tickets for the hall could be had free on application at the rooms.

The meeting closed with singing "I need the prayers of Jesus" and prayer and benediction by Rev. Boyle.

**Messrs. B. C. & J. H. Sawyer.**

For the the past twelve months I have used almost exclusively, your "Barbers' Soap," and I cheerfully bear my witness to its superiority. It is far more pleasant than the highly scented French soaps, or the imitations that are so commonly used, and is much more durable and economical, either for shaving or for use in the bath. I am certain it only needs a fair trial to commend it to very general favor; besides being a home manufacture, it is a superior article that justly merits commendation.

JOHN SCARBOROUGH, Rector of Trinity Church, Pittsburgh.

**The Home Shuttle** is capable of performing the widest range of work, from the finest gauze to many thicknesses of cloths, with ease, rapidity, accuracy and the fullest satisfaction to the operator.

JOSEPH LEFEVRE, Agent.
No. 2 Sixth (late St. Clair) street.

## OIL.

THE Titusville *Courier* says: Another new well commenced pumping on the McGuire farm on Thursday night, and is good for about fifteen barrels daily.

It is owned by Emery Bros., and Schuyler and is situated about a-half mile south of the Cady and Thompson well.

THE Briggs well on the same farm was torpedoed on Thursday and the production increased to about fifty barrels.

ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY BARREL WELL ON THE DUTCHESS & SHUM.—On Thursday evening last, Mr. Wm. Forker, a well known operator in this section, was fortunate enough to become the possessor of a new well on the Dutchess farm, which has proved itself so far to be the largest well yet struck in this territory. The well was commenced on Thursday evening until Sunday evening almost 500 barrels of oil, thus proving beyond a doubt that it was a "big thing." Several new faces Mr. Forker had sold this well together with a thirty barrel well for $40,000; but we cannot vouch for the truth of this.

THE Titusville *Herald* says: The Harris well on the Maguire farm was finished on Thursday night, torpedoed yesterday, and is now pumping at the rate of thirty barrels per day.

**The Home Shuttle** sells complete for $37, and does all kinds of sewing fully as well as the work done by other machines selling for $65. No. 2 Sixth street, second floor.

## FATAL FALL.

**A Gentleman Falls into a Coal Yard and Breaks his Neck.**

Yesterday morning between five and six o'clock the body of a man was found lying dead in the coal yard of Messrs. Oscar Lamb & Co., at the corner of Sandusky and Railroad streets, Allegheny. At the hour named a colored man, employed as a driver by Messrs. L. & Co., in going to the stable to find his horses discovered the body of a man lying on his back at the foot of what had once been a pair of stairs leading from the street into the coal yard. He at once summoned assistance and had the remains taken to the Mayor's office, where it was found from papers in the pockets to be that of R. B. Patterson, Esq., of the firm of Kerr & Patterson, attorneys of this city. Mr. Patterson had been at the Academy of Music on Saturday night with a party of friends, and after the performance was over, accompanied one of them, who lives near Sewickley, on the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad, to Allegheny to see him off on the train, and it is thought that while on his return he met with the accident which caused his death. The way in which the accident must have occurred is this: At the head of this sometime stairway is a turnstile, against which he is supposed the deceased leaned, and his weight causing it to revolve suddenly, he was precipitated into the yard beneath, a distance of about fifteen feet, breaking his neck. Coroner West was at once notified, and after impaneling a jury, adjourned the inquest to meet at his office this evening. The remains of the unfortunate young man were taken charge of by a brother of the deceased, and Mr. Thomas M. Marshall and brought to the residence of Mr. Patterson's residence at No. 153 Second avenue, this city, where the funeral services will be held to-day, after which the remains will be taken to Washington, Pa., for interment.

Mr. Patterson was a nephew of Judge Baird of Washington, and was an exceedingly young gentleman of most amiable character, a lawyer of more than ordinary ability and in every walk of life unexceptionable. He was a native of Pennsylvania, his native State, and entered as a student in the office of E. S. Goldsmith, Esq., of Washington, where he remained some months in order to perfect himself in the practice of this State. He then went to Greensburg, Westmoreland county, and after practicing for some time there, came to this city in 1867, we think, and entered into partnership with Col. Kerr. Since then a most promising career, but thirty years of age and lived with his widowed mother, at 153 Second avenue, this city. He leaves a very large circle of friends who will sincerely mourn his untimely death.

## RECEPTION OF O'DONOVAN-ROSSA.

**Military and Civic Preparation—Lecture in the Evening.**

A meeting of the O'Donovan-Rossa Reception Committee was held at Alderman Strain's office on Saturday evening, John C. McCarthy, in the chair.

Dr. Donnelly reported that the St. Cecelia Band had been secured for the reception, after which the following order of procession from the Union Depot was agreed upon: First, twenty members of the city police force; second, the St. Cecelia Cornet Band; third, Company B of the Irish Infantry; fourth, Company C Irish Infantry; fifth, the Committee of Reception in carriages; sixth, the ancient order of Hiberians; seventh, citizens.

The order of procession is as follows: From the Union Depot: Up Liberty to Twelfth street, down Twelfth to Penn, down Penn to Eleventh, up Eleventh to Liberty and across the Point Bridge to Grant street: along Grant to Fifth avenue, down Fifth avenue to Wood, and down Wood to the St. Charles Hotel. Here the guest of the occasion will be welcomed and extended the hospitalities of the city, after which the military and civic processions will be dismissed and the lecture of O'Donovan Rossa at Lafayette Hall will be next in order and will no doubt prove an immense success.

As arranged by the Committee at their meeting on Saturday evening, the carriages in the procession will be filled as follows:

First carriage—O'Donovan Rossa, Mayor Brush, Dr. Donnelly, and John C. McCarthy, Esq.

Second carriage—Mayor Callow, Alderman Strain, ex-Mayor Blackmore, and W. D. Moore, Esq.

Third carriage—Alderman McMasters, John Flinn, Mr. W. C. Smythe, and M. Carney, Esq.

Fourth carriage—Alderman O'Donnell, Gen. A. L. Pearson, Mr. Eugene M. O'Neill and Mr. T. D. Maitland.

Fifth carriage—Alderman O'Donnell, P. H. Kerr, Esq., Mr. T. P. Houston, and Mr. William Ramsey.

Sixth carriage—Mr. Prince Anderson, Mr. Joseph S. Lare, Mr. Wm. McGee and Sheriff Fleming.

In motion the committee appointed to meet Mr. Rossa at East Liberty, was increased to nine and now includes the following gentlemen: Messrs. Alderman O'Donnell, T. P. Kerr, John Flinn, M. Carney, W. D. Moore, W. C. Smythe, J. C. McCarthy, Alderman Cornelius O'Donnell and Alderman John A. Steel.

The committee will leave the office of Alderman Strain at 5:30 this morning sharp, for the purpose of meeting the train on the East Liberty road, and conducting him to the city in the afternoon. During the time the Committee has charge of the great Irish patriot, he will be taken to the Peace Jubilee, and at 8 P. M. he will arrive on the train at the Union Depot. Here he will be met by the Irish military, the Ancient Order of Hiberians and sundry civic societies, and conducted over the route mentioned above to the St. Charles, where he will receive the hospitalities of the city, according to the resolution adopted by our Councils, so he can be extended.

In the evening O'Donovan Rossa will lecture at Layfayette Hall, when there will no doubt be a large audience in attendance. The subject will be "Irrepressible Life in England," a lecture which has met with much success in our Eastern cities. We doubt not that the old Irishman's great interest manifested in the "Peace Jubilee," Mr. Rossa will receive a cordial welcome from his friends in Pittsburgh and have a full house to hear his lecture this evening.

## AMUSEMENTS.

MISS COOMBS' DRAMATIC COMPANY, which last week flashed upon us such an unexpected and brilliant series of high-toned and artistic theatrical entertainments, closed their brief season at the Academy of Music on Saturday evening, playing before quite a large and brilliant audience. There never was a company that came as comparative strangers to our midst that so quickly found their way into the public heart, or that won so large a share of public applause and admiration. The great City, Booker, and the sensational Lady Audley's Secret made the presentation in eloquent style.

## PEACE.

[The following translation of a German poem, written for the occasion of to-day by Mr. Karl Reuben of the Harmonie Society of this city, has been furnished by Mr. Slack Davis for publication in the GAZETTE.]

I.

To all hearts with power and gladness
Comes a word of magic might:
Dries the tear, and heals the sadness,
And with love doth all unite.
"Peace! O Peace!" with joy excelling,
Make in every heart thy dwelling!"

II.

Nations in mad wrath Contended,
Each arrayed in deadly strife:
Conqueror Death the strife hath ended,—
Peace again returns to life.
"Peace! O Peace! with joy excelling,
Make in every heart thy dwelling!"

III.

Thee their crown of life confessing,
All mankind thy praises tell:
Peace! the Christ's long-promised blessing,
Truly come, and with it dwell!
"Peace! O Peace! with joy excelling,
Make in every heart thy dwelling!"

IV.

Brothers, let our souls rejoice!
Heaven bestows this holy hour:
All unite with heart and voice,
Gladly singing evermore—
"Peace! O Peace! with joy excelling,
Make in every heart thy dwelling!"

**I Have** been using Sawyer's Barber Soap for about nine years, and I have no hesitation in saying that it is the best shaving soap I have ever used. It is now used in our family almost exclusively as a toilet soap and gives entire satisfaction. JOHN DOUGLAS,
Pastor 1st Reformed Church,
Pittsburgh, Pa.

**Unlike** some of the high-priced sewing machines, the Home Shuttle is strong, and runs quietly and with the greatest ease, not becoming noisy and hard to manage after being in almost daily use for several years. No. 2 Sixth (late St. Clair) street.

**Choice Greenhouse** and Bedding Plants in great variety at the Oakland greenhouses of J. R. & A. Murdoch. MW&F

## GENERALITIES.

FLORA TEMPLE, is the mother of a week old colt.

THE New York *World* speaks of South Carolina as our Poland.

MOSQU